

## **AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS**

**CANBERRA** 

# THE LABOUR FORCE **AUSTRALIA**

SEPTEMBER 1982

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### THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA, SEPTEMBER 1982

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#### PART 1. LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

#### Introduction

This part contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the population survey, which is now conducted monthly. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year.

- 2. A summary of the survey results is published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary)* (6202.0). Preliminary unemployment estimates are also issued in advance of this publication in *Unemployment, Australia, (Preliminary Estimates)* (6201.0).
- 3. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

#### The population survey

The population survey is based on a multi-stage 4. area sample of private dwellings (about 30,000 houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the survey week). Because of operational problems arising from the Christmas and New Year holidays the December 1978 and 1979 surveys commenced a week earlier than usual (with most interviews being conducted during the second week) and the January 1979 and 1980 surveys commenced a week later than usual.

#### Scope

- 5. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
  - (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
  - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
  - (c) overseas visitors holidaying in Australia; and
  - (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

#### **Definitions**

6. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on his actual activity (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.) during the survey week. The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions specified by the International Labour Organisation (ILO), relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey.

- 7. Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the survey week:
  - (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
  - (b) worked for 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
  - (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
  - (d) were employers or self-employed persons who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
- 8. The *employment/population ratio* for any group is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.
- 9. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the survey week, and
  - (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and:
    - (i) were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week);
    - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then;
- or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
- 10. Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency, advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives. In November 1981 a number of minor amendments were made to the labour force survey questionnaire. (For details see the information paper Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, December 1981 (6232.0)). The amendments

included a re-ordering and some re-wording of the categories of steps taken to find work. Consequently, there is a discontinuity in estimates of active steps taken to find work between October and November 1981. The active steps were asked in the order shown in the table in this publication showing unemployed persons classified by active steps taken, and since only one response was recorded for each person asked this particular question, the estimates do not reflect the relative importance of the steps taken to find work.

- 11. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more. Prior to November 1977 it comprised persons who had never had a job.
- 12. The unemployment rate for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force (i.e. employed plus unemployed) in the same group.
- 13. Duration of unemployment is the period from the time the person began looking for work or was laid off to the end of the survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration. Average (mean) duration is the duration obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group. Median duration is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it. Medians are calculated from group data, linear interpolation being used within the group which contains the median.
- 14. Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job. Unemployment rates by industry and occupation are only available for February, May, August and November (see paragraph 48).
- 15. The *labour force* comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.
- 16. The labour force participation rate for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Because it is not practicable to ascertain the birthplace of persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force), labour force participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated by using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.
- 17. Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.

- 18. Hours of work. The figures of aggregate hours and of average hours refer to actual hours worked during the survey week, not hours paid for. The figures may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident and industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower figures than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the survey week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the survey week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are therefore excluded from the calculation.
- 19. Persons attending school comprise those aged 15 to 20 who, during the survey week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Excluded are persons who were enrolled at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, other tertiary educational institutions, and coaching and business schools. Persons attending school are classified as in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed as defined above. Because it is not practicable to ascertain from persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force) whether or not they are enrolled at secondary or high schools, such persons are excluded from estimates classified by school attendance.
- 20. Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the survey week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined above. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), attending an educational institution (school, university, etc.), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, inmates of institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoria, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the survey week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.

#### Marital status

21. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as married or not married. The former category includes persons who are separated, while the latter category includes persons who, at the time of the survey, had never married, or were widowed, or divorced. However, the marital status to which a person is assigned depends upon the information given by the respondent, and does not necessarily reflect legal status.

#### Status of worker

22. The February, May, August and November issues of this publication include a table showing estimates of employed persons, obtained from the labour force survey, classified by status of worker i.e. whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers (who worked 15 hours or more in the survey week).

#### Classification of industry and occupation

23. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1978 (1201.0 and 1202.0) and occupation according to the Classification and Classified List of Occupations, Revised June 1976.

#### State capital cities

24. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in Census of Population and Housing 1976, Population and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (Preliminary) (2401.0-2408.0). Capital City Statistical Divisions are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

#### Population benchmarks

25. The population survey estimates are calculated in such a way as to conform to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. These independent estimates (benchmarks) are necessarily derived from incomplete information about population changes (deaths, internal and overseas migration) and can differ from estimates of the population subsequently published by the ABS. For estimates of the population and other demographic statistics reference should be made to Australian Demographic Statistics Quarterly (3101.0).

#### Revision of series

- 26. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census and when population estimation bases are reviewed. Survey estimates back to August 1966 have been recalculated to conform to revised population estimates. The estimates take account of results of the 1966, 1971 and 1976 Census of Population and Housing. including estimates of under-enumeration, and incorporate a revised method of measuring overseas migration gain (i.e. by excluding movements of less than one year's duration). For information concerning these population estimates for the period June 1971 to June 1977 see Population and Vital Statistics, Australia, June Quarter 1977 (3212.0).
- 27. The new sample and revised questionnaire. Survey estimates for February 1978 and subsequent months have been obtained by using a new sample and revised questionnaire. The new sample was selected in order to reflect the changes in the distribution of the population shown by the 1976 Population Census results. The questionnaire, which had undergone little change since 1960, except for the inclusion in 1975 of additional questions on job-seeking, was revised to provide more accurate and more detailed information concerning the labour force.
- 28. Details of the changes made to the questionnaire and the reasons for the changes are contained in Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, March 1978 (6232.0). In November 1981 a number of additional minor amendments were made to the questionnaire (see paragraph 10) and these are outlined in a December 1981 issue of the above information paper, 6232.0.

29. Estimates for the period August 1966 to November 1977 have been revised in order to provide a series for earlier periods as comparable as possible with the February 1978 and later estimates. For periods prior to August 1976, detailed revised estimates are available only for August of each year. For February, May and November only broad revised aggregates (as in Table 1) are available. Revised estimates have been published in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0), which also contains information concerning the methods used in the revision.

#### Comparability of series

- 30. When comparing estimates for February 1978 and subsequent months with those for earlier periods, it should be noted that with the introduction of monthly surveys the interviews are now conducted during a two-week period, whereas formerly the period was four weeks. This change of timing may affect the level of the figures for any month, particularly for months during which the labour force status of the population may be changing rapidly.
- 31. Because of the revisions mentioned above, the estimates in this publication are not comparable with those shown in issues before February 1978 or in the publications entitled *The Labour Force, Australia* (6204.0) covering the period 1964 to 1977.
- 32. From September 1979, industry estimates in labour force survey publications have been classified according to the 1978 version of the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC). The estimates are therefore not strictly comparable with those for periods prior to September 1979, which were classified according to the 1969 version of ASIC.

#### Reliability of the estimates

- 33. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:
  - (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical note.
  - (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in the coding and processing of data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

### Differences between population census and population survey estimates

34. The results of the 1976 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the population surveys of May and August 1976.

- 35. The labour force definition used in the census is similar to that used in the survey. (See paragraphs 6 to 19.) However, evidence from census post-enumeration surveys indicates that the personal interview approach, as used in the population survey, tends to identify a larger number of persons as being in the labour force than does the filling in of the questions on the census schedule by the householder. In addition, the post-enumeration survey following the 1976 Population Census showed an underenumeration of the population of 2.71 per cent. It has not been possible to adjust the published census labour force figures for any under-enumeration.
- 36. In the 1971 and 1976 Population Censuses the minor occupation group 'Architects, engineers, surveyors, professional' was limited solely to persons holding a university degree. Other persons describing themselves in professional terms but not holding a degree were classified to minor group 'Draftsmen and technicians, n.e.c.'. Information to enable this distinction to be made in the labour force survey is not available.
- 37. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

#### Seasonal adjustment

- 38. This publication contains seasonally adjusted estimates of labour force series for the latest months. Information about the method of seasonal adjustment used and seasonally adjusted figures for all months since February 1978 for the major labour force series which are published in seasonally adjusted form are contained in an appendix to the February 1982 issue of this publication.
- 39. The seasonal adjustment factors have been calculated on the basis of four years of monthly data. This is a relatively short series of data on which to base the calculation of seasonal factors, particularly when the pattern of movement is varying from year to year. This effect is particularly marked in the unemployment figures. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors will be reviewed annually. Each additional year's figures will cause the factors to be revised; it follows that the seasonally adjusted figures in this publication are certain to be revised. When interpreting trends based on seasonally adjusted series, it should always be borne in mind that seasonally adjusted figures by their nature will be revised when later information is used in calculating the seasonal factors.

#### **Gross flows**

40. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven eights of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.

- 41. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of *flows* between the different categories of the population and labour force.
- 42. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.
- 43. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.
- 44. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.
- 45. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels, when comparing flows for different periods. However, it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.
- 46. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting employment status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical note.
- 47. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full time and employed part time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.

#### Additional data

48. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months.

Employed persons—
Industry and occupation—
Full-time and part-time workers
Status of worker
Age and birthplace
Hours worked
Industry by occupation
Industry subdivisions
Major and minor occupation groups

Prior to August 1982 statistics of employed persons by industry and occupation were not published in the same detail each quarter but were included on a rotational basis. For details see the July 1982 issue of this publication.

49. The availability of these extra tables also enables publication of *unemployment rates* for persons classified by industry and occupation for these same months. Other unpublished data from labour force surveys may be available on request.

#### Related publications

50. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

Unemployment, Australia (Preliminary Estimates) (6201.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary) (6202.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Australia, 1980 (6204.0)

Unemployment, Underemployment and Related Statistics, Australia, February 1978 to February 1980 (6236.0)

The Labour Force, New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)—issued quarterly

Civilian Employees, Australia (6213.0)—latest issue: April 1980

Job Vacancies, Australia (6231.0)—issued quarterly

Information Paper: Questionnaires used in the Labour Force Survey, December 1981 (6232.0)

Information Paper: Review of ABS Employment Statistics (6239.0)

Overtime, Australia (6330.0)—issued monthly

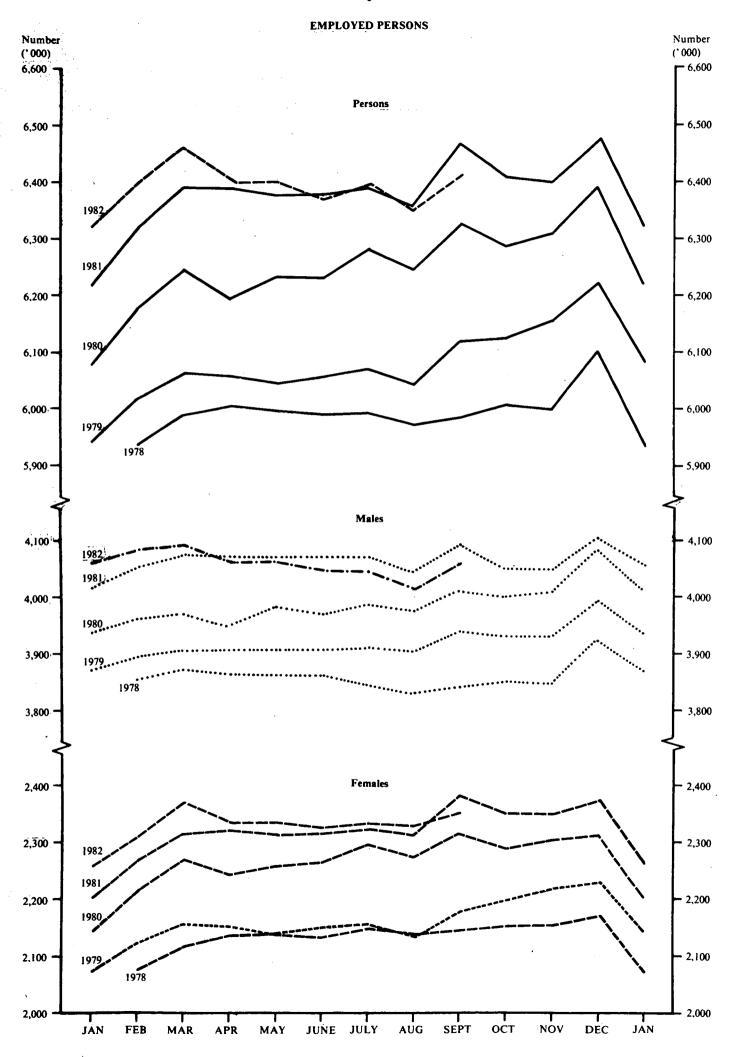
Supplementary and special survey publications on labour force and related topics are listed after the Technical note.

51. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

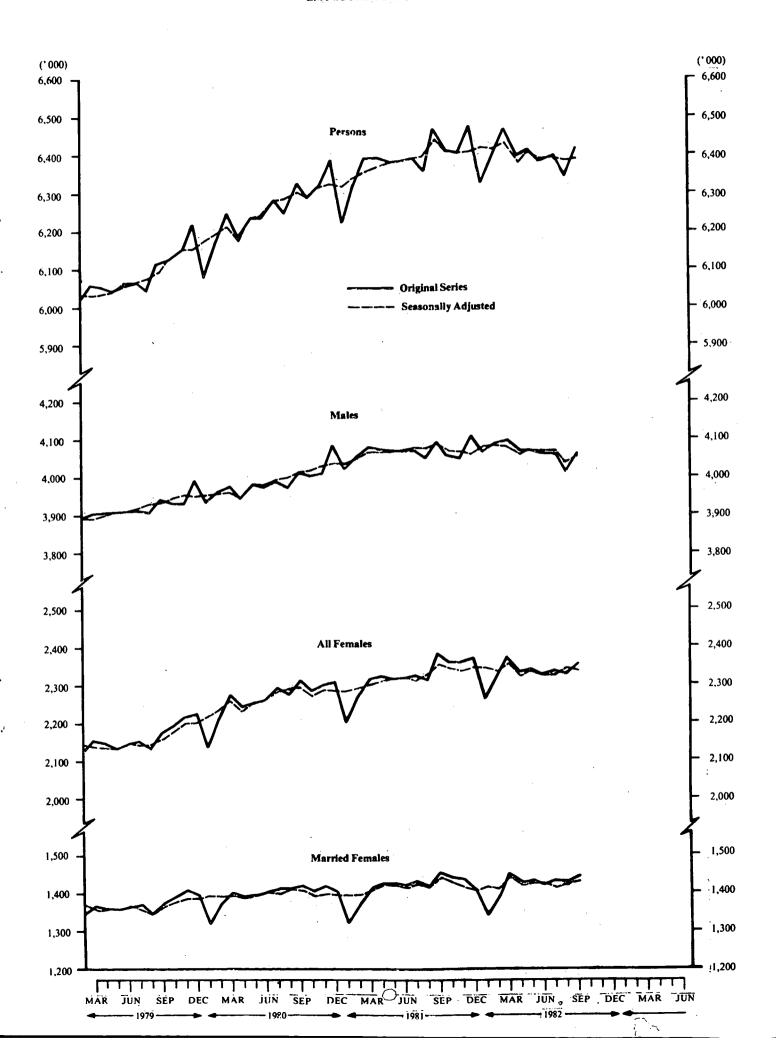
#### Symbols and other usages

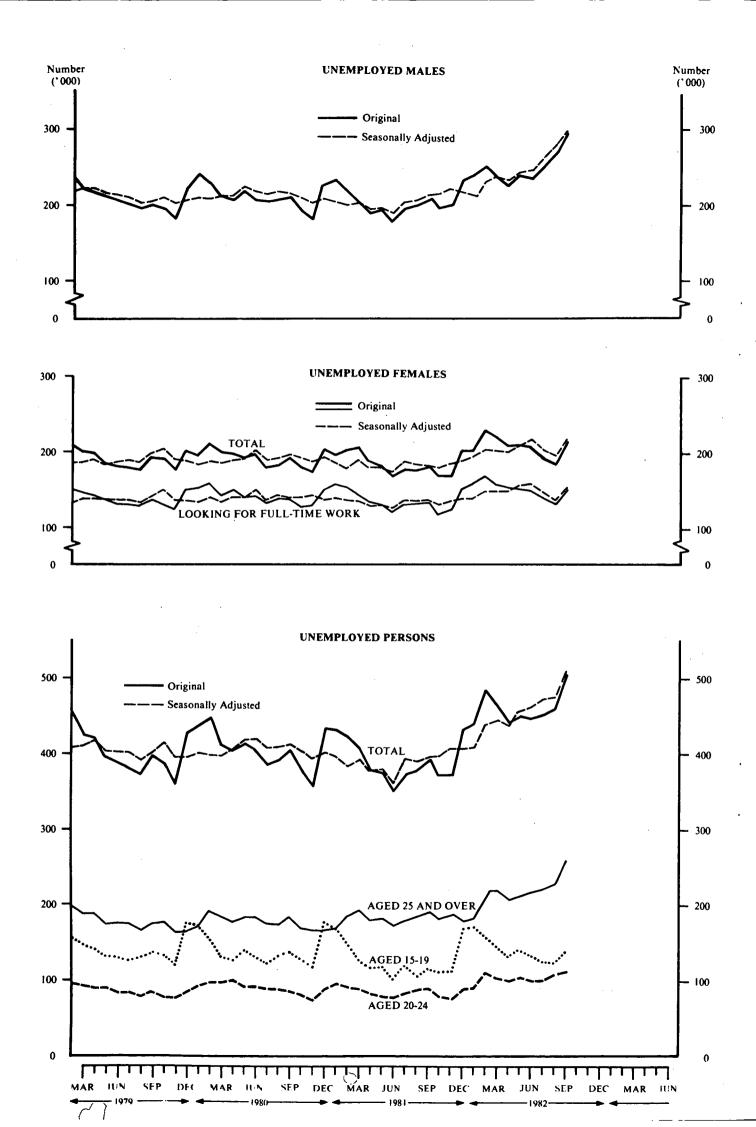
- subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical note
- n.a. not available
  - . not applicable
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified
  - nil or rounded to zero
  - r revised since previous issue
- 52. Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

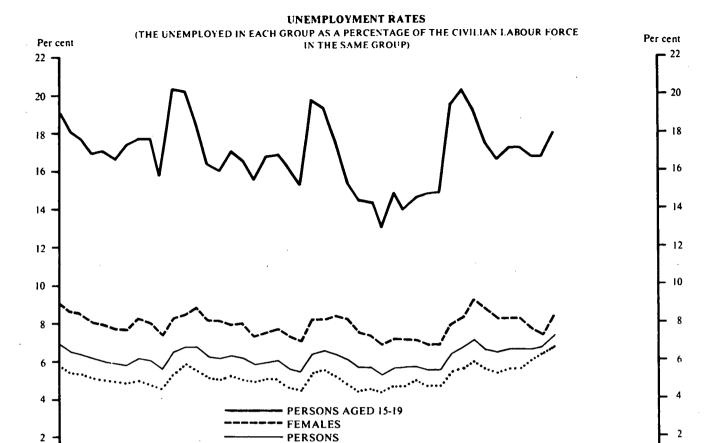
R. J. CAMERON
Australian Statistician



#### **EMPLOYED PERSONS**







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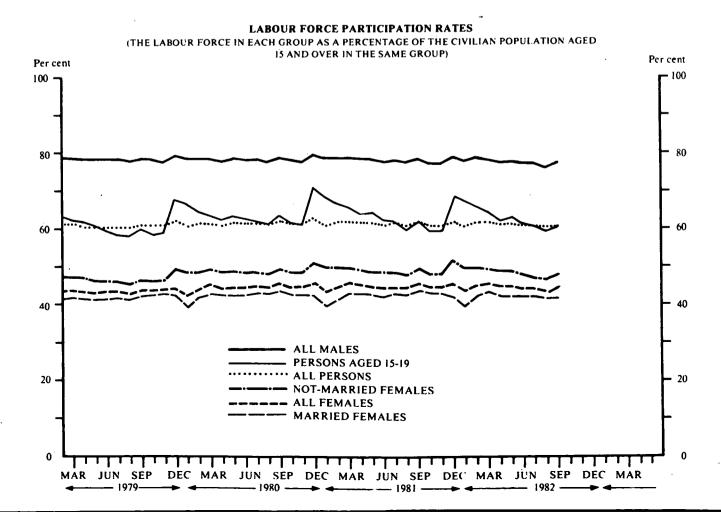


TABLE 1. LAROUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER(a)

				Unen	ıployed						
•			Lookin full-time						Civilian		
•	Emplo	yed	Aged 15-19 looking		Looking for			Not in	popula- tion aged	Un- employ-	Partici-
Month	Full-time workers	Total	for first job	Total	part-time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	15 and over	ment rate	pation rate
					'000						r cent —
				MAI	LES						
1981=			10.6	107.0	12.7	199.7	4,245.0	1,230.3	5,475.3	4.7	77.5
August	3,823.8	4,045.3	12.5	187.0		209.5	4,297.5	1,188.9	5,486.3	4.9	78.3
September	3,869.2	4,088.0	15.1	194.2	15.3 14.3	209.3 199.7	4,249.4	1,166.9	5,493.1	4.7	77.4
October	3,829.5	4,049.7	18.0	185.4	14.3	200.4	4,243.5	1,263.7	5,506.7	4.7	77.1
November	3,831.5	4,043.1	18.5	185.6			4,243.3	1,181.9	5,516.3	5.4	78.6
December	3,896.6	4,101.7	36.6	206.1	26.5	232.6	4,334.4	1,101.7	ر.010.5	J. <del>4</del>	70.0
1982—	20/25	40610	33.9	221.0	17.6	238.6	4,299.6	1,225.6	5,525.2	5.5	77.8
January	3,863.5	4,061.0		236.3	15.5	251.7	4,334.7	1,200.7	5,535.4	5.8	78.3
February	3,885.6	4,083.0	30.7	216.1	22.0	238.1	4,329.9	1,215.6	5,545.4	5.5	78.1
March	3,880.4	4,091.8	23.2			227.2	4,289.9	1,265.2	5,555.0	5.3	77.2
April	3,826.5	4,062.7	15.9	210.2		239.8	4,306.8	1,256.7	5,563.4	5.6	77.4
May	3,836.5	4,066.9	18.5	219.8		239.5	4,294.1	1,278.8	5,572.9	5.6	77.1
June	3,821.6	4,054.6	14.8	215.8				1,276.5	5,584.3	5.9	77.1
July	3,829.2	4,054.4	16.0	233.1	20.2	253.3	4,307.8	1,308.0	5,595.5	6.3	76.6
August	3,775.5	4,016.4	17.3	249.9		271.0	4,287.5		-	6.7	77.6
September	3,822.6	4,059.2	20.7	271.6	22.2	293.7	4,352.9	1,253.6	5,606.5	0.7	77.0
Standard error of-		140	2.0	5.7	2.1	5.9	14.2	9.8		0.1	0.3
September 1982 estimates August 1982 to September	13.7	14.0	2.0	3.7 4.7		4.8	9.9	7.4	••	0.1	0.2
1982 estimates	9.6	9.8				7.0					
			MA	RRIED	FEMALES						<del></del>
1981—		. 417.0	•	42.6	30.1	72,7	1,490.5	2,034.1	3,524.6	4.9	42.3
August	777.4	1,417.8	•	43.8		73.4	1,526.4	1,995.3	3,521.8	4.8	43.3
September	807.8	1,453.1		39.6		72.3	1,512.6	2,002.3	3,514.8	_	43.0
October	802.8	1,440.2		43.2		73.4	1,510.9	2,022.8	3,533.6		42.8
November	796.0	1,437.5	_	43.2		70.7	1,482.0	2,047.8	3,529.8		42.0
December	804.4	1,411.2	•	42.0	20.0	70.7	1,402.0	2,047.0	0,525,0		
1982—	789.3	1,340.4	•	38.7	7 24.2	62.9	1,403.3	2,137.7	3,541.0	4.5	39.6
January						91.4	1,483.0	2,051.0	3,533.9	6.2	42.0
February	789.4	1,391.5		51.3 52.2		88.7	1,539.3	2,014.6	3,553.9		43.3
March	805.6	1,450.6	,	48.9		80.2	1,506.3	2,051.0			42.3
April	809.2	1,426.1		46.1		83.9	1,515.9	2,055.2	3,571.2		42.4
May	804.2	1,432.1	_	47 49.		84.6	1,510.3	2,059.0			42.3
June	798.9	1,425.7	_			81.1	1,510.3	2,056.0			42.4
July	792.5	1,430.7		45.0		76.9	1,506.3	2,030.0			42.1
August	783.5	1,429.4		42.		76.9 89.5	1,506.3	2,072.4			42.8
September	800.2	1,442.6	•	50.0	0 39.4	89.3	1,332.1	2,047.3	3,301.3		72.0
Standard error of—			•	٠,	0 27	3.7	10.4	11.4		0.2	0.3
September 1982 estimates August 1982 to September	8.4	10.2	• •	<b>2</b> .9							
1982 movements	6.4	7.6	i	2.	7 2.5	3.3	7.4	8.3		0.2	0.2

For footnote see end of table.

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER(a)—continued

				Unen	nployed						
			Looki full-tim								
	Empl	oy <b>ed</b>	Aged 15-19 looking		Looking for			Not in	Civilian popula- tion aged	Un- employ-	Partici-
Month	Full-time workers	Total	for first job	Total	part-time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	15 and over	ment rate	pation rate
				-	000 -					. — ре	r cent —
	•			ALL FE	MALES		··	```			
1981—							-				
August	1,484.7	2,311.0	17.9	133.8	43.5	177.4	2,488.4	3,124.3	5,612.7	7.1	44.3
September	1,539.6	2,378.1	21.2	133.9	47.7	181.6	2,559.7	3,063.6	5,623.3	7.1	45.5
October	1,524.3	2,356.8	19.5	118.7	52.0	170.6	2,527.4	3,102.6	5,630.0	6.8	44.9
November	1,513.4	2,356.4	19.6	125.1	46.4	171.5	2,527.9	3,115.3	5,643.2	6.8	44.8
December	1,562.9	2,370.9	38.1	152.6	48.1	200.7	2,571.6	3,080.9	5,652.5	7.8	45.5
1982—											
January	1,535.9	2,260.3	39.0	156.0	45.1	201.0	2,461.4	3,200.5	5,661.9	8.2	43.5
February	1,524.5	2,314.5	35.2	170.3	62.4	232.7	2,547.2	3,123.5	5,670.7	9.1	44.9
March	1,524.2	2,369.3	28.8	158.2	63.4	221.6	2,590.9	3,089.4	5,680.3	8.6	45.6
April	1,519.0	2,333.5	25.6	153.1	55.9	209.0	2,542.5	3,148.2	5,690.8	8.2	44.7
May	1,520.3	2,337.9	23.4	152.8	57.2	210.0	2,547.9	3,152.0	5,699.9	8.2	44.7
June	1,509.4	2,324.1	22.1	150.8	57.5	208.3	2,532.4	3,177.1	5,709.5	8.2	44.4
July	1,507.3	2,337.5	19.0	142.9	54.0	196.9	2,534.4	3,186.4	5,720.8	7.8	44.3
August	1,487.8	2,331.1	17.7	135.6	51.9	187.5	2,518.6	3,213.3	5,731.9	7.4	43.9
September	1,514.3	2,355.0	16.4	149.1	63.1	212.1	2,567.1	3,175.7	5,742.9	8.3	44.7
Standard error of—											
September 1982 estimates August to September	10.4	11.9	1.8	4.6	3.2	5.2	12.2	13.0	••	0.2	0.2
1982 movements	7.6	8.6	1.9	3.9	3.0	4.4	8.7	9.2	•••	0.2	0.2
				PERS	ONS			<u> </u>			
1981—											
August	5,308.5	6,356.3	30.4	320.9	56.2	377.1	6,733.4	4,354.7	11,088.0	5.6	60.7
September	5,408.8	6,466.1	36.3	328.1	63.0	391.1	6,857.2	4,252.5	11,109.6	5.7	61.7
October	5,353.8	6,406.5	37.4	304.1	66.3	370.4	6,776.9	4,346.3	11,123.1	5.5	60.9
November	5,344.8	6,399.5	38.1	310.7	61.2	371.9	6,771.4	4,378.5	11,149.9	5.5	60.7
December	5,459.5	6,472.6	74.8	358.7	74.6	433.3	6,905.9	4,262.8	11,168.7	6.3	61.8
1982—											
January	5,3 <del>99</del> .4	6,321.3	72.8	377.0	62.6	439.6	6,761.0	4,426.1	11,187.1	6.5	60.4
February	5,410.1	6,397.5	65.9	406.6	77.8	484.4	6,881.9		11,206.0	7.0	61.4
March	5,404.6	6.461.1	52.0	374.3	85.4	459.7	6,920.8	4,305.0	11,225.8	6.6	61.7
April	5,345.4	6,396.2	41.6	363.3	72.8	436.2	6,832.4	4,413.4	11,245.8	6.4	60.8
May	5,356.8	6,404.8	41.9	372.6	77.3	449.9	6,854.7	4,408.7	11,263.3	6.6	60.9
June	5,331.0	6,378.7	37.0	366.6	81.2	447.8	6,826.5	4,455.9	11,282.4	6.6	60.5
July	5,336.5	6,391.9	35.0	376.1	74.2	450.3	6,842.2	4,463.0	11,305.2	6.6	60.5
August	5,263.3	6,347.6	34.9	385.4	73.1	458.5	6,806.0		11,327.4	6.7	60.1
September	5,336.8	6,414.2	37.1	420.6	85.2	505.9	6,920.0	4,429.3	11,349.3	7.3	61.0
Standard error of—											
September 1982 estimates	15.1	15.9	2.6	6.7	3.7	7. <i>2</i>	16.2	14.3		0.1	0.1
August 1982 to September 1982 movements	10.4	10.8	2.5	5.4	3.3	5.7	11.0	10.0		0.1	0.1
	10.7	10.0	4.5		J.J	J./	11.0	10.0			

<sup>(</sup>a) For information on standard errors see Technical note.

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE : SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES(a)

<del></del>			' Unemp	oloyed	<del>- ,                                   </del>			
	·	Lookin full-time			<del></del>			
	Employed	Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemploy- ment rate	Partici- pation rate
			-,000-				—per œ	nt—
			MA	LES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1981— August September October November December	4,070.5 4,084.2 4,062.5 4,061.3 4,053.5	16.5 17.3 20.1 21.6 21.6	191.5 196.3 199.0 202.7 196.3	14.3 15.8 15.1 18.4 18.8	205.8 212.1 214.1 221.1 215.1	4,276.1 4,295.4 4,275.2 4,282.1 4,267.2	4.8 4.9 5.0 5.1 5.0	78.1 78.2 77.8 77.7 77.4
1982— January February March April May June July August September	4,074.3 4,078.0 4,077.0 4,055.0 4,065.8 4,059.6 4,060.6 4,041.3 4,055.2	21.0 23.2 24.3 19.0 23.7 20.5 23.5 22.9 23.7	191.3 214.5 215.6 214.7 224.6 221.8 241.0 256.2 274.4	17.8 14.9 20.7 17.3 18.2 27.0 21.7 23.8 22.9	209.1 229.4 236.3 232.0 242.8 248.8 262.7 280.0 297.3	4,283.1 4,307.2 4,317.3 4,287.9 4,311.2 4,308.4 4,321.6 4,319.1 4,350.6	4.9 5.3 5.5 5.4 5.6 5.8 6.1 6.5	77.5 77.8 77.9 77.2 77.5 77.3 77.4 77.2 77.5
			MARRIED	FEMALES	<del></del>			<del></del>
1981— August September October November December	1,414.5 1,440.2 1,423.5 1,414.0 1,403.3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	42.6 41.3 42.1 44.2 49.1	32.3 29.1 31.0 31.9 30.6	74.9 70.4 73.1 76.1 79.7	1,489.1 1,507.2 1,497.0 1,491.9 1,485.6	5.0 4.7 4.9 5.1 5.4	42.2 42.6 42.3 42.2 42.1
1982— January February March April May June July August September	1,415.3 1,411.4 1,440.4 1,421.0 1,428.7 1,427.5 1,416.4 1,426.3 1,429.4		42.2 45.5 46.8 46.3 47.4 52.9 45.8 42.1 47.1	32.1 34.5 32.4 28.9 35.2 33.0 39.0 37.7 38.8	74.3 80.0 79.2 75.2 82.6 85.9 84.8 79.8 85.9	1,491.0 1,491.8 1,518.4 1,497.2 1,512.7 1,507.6 1,501.9 1,505.4 1,512.4	5.0 5.4 5.2 5.0 5.5 5.7 5.6 5.3 5.7	42.3 42.3 42.8 42.1 42.4 42.3 42.0 42.1
		- <del></del>	ALL FI	MALES				
1981— August September October November December	2,323.5 2,355.3 2,342.1 2,337.8 2,344.9	21.8 25.8 24.8 26.5 26.2	137.3 138.5 134.9 137.9 141.5	48.7 46.7 48.5 49.2 50.2	186.0 185.2 183.4 187.1 191.7	2,514.5 2,536.8 2,533.4 2,527.7 2,531.7	7.5 7.3 7.2 7.4 7.5	44.8 45.1 44.9 44.8 44.8
1982 January February March April May June July August September	2,345.1 2,335.8 2,354.2 2,320.4 2,340.1 2,325.3 2,325.9 2,344.2 2,332.2	25.1 28.4 27.7 26.6 24.8 26.2 24.0 21.6 19.9	141.4 151.8 150.1 149.4 153.1 160.4 149.4 139.0 152.2	55.4 55.0 55.6 52.4 56.8 56.3 58.1 58.2 61.8	196.8 206.8 205.7 201.8 209.9 216.7 207.5 197.2 214.0	2,537.0 2,544.9 2,553.9 2,552.7 2,552.2 2,541.1 2,536.1 2,545.0 2,544.0	7.7 8.1 8.0 8.2 8.5 8.2 7.7	44.8 44.9 45.0 44.4 44.8 44.5 44.3
			PER	SONS				
1981— August September October November December	6,393.9 6,439.1 6,404.0 6,403.3 6,402.9	38.4 43.1 44.9 48.2 48.0	326.8 334.4 333.8 341.8 337.6	63.1 61.2 63.2 65.6 68.3	389.9 395.6 397.0 407.4 405.9	6,793.8 6,834.0 6,811.8 6,809.2 6,802.5	5.8 5.8 5.8 6.0 6.0	61.2 61.5 61.2 61.1 60.9
1982— January February March April May June July August September	6,417.8 6,412.8 6,427.0 6,375.7 6,402.6 6,384.9 6,389.0 6,385.4 6,387.2	46.3 51.2 51.1 45.3 48.3 47.0 48.1 44.1	335.3 365.6 364.8 365.5 379.6 378.0 390.1 392.2 426.6	73.2 73.0 77.2 70.1 74.5 82.5 80.7 82.2 82.7	408.5 438.6 442.0 435.6 454.1 460.5 470.8 474.4 509.3	6,819.0 6,853.3 6,867.3 6,811.3 6,857.8 6,845.3 6,859.3 6,867.0 6,896.4	6.0 6.4 6.4 6.6 6.7 6.9 6.9	61.0 61.2 61.2 60.6 60.9 60.7 60.7 60.6 60.7

<sup>(</sup>a) These seasonally adjusted figures are subject to revisions which may be substantial.

TABLE 3. LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND MARITAL STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER, SEPTEMBER 1982

				Unemployed		٠.		a:		
	Empl	oyed	Looking	Looking				Civilian population		
	Full-time workers		for full-time work	for part-time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	aged 15 and over	Unemploy- ment rate	Partici- pation rate
				— · <b>0</b> 0	<b>10</b> —			_	— p	per cent —
Males—			·		•					
Married	2,683.7	2,789.3	109.9	4.9	114.9	2,904.2	708.3	3,612.5	4.0	80.4
Not married	1,138.8	1,269.9	161.6	17.2	178.9	1,448.7	545.2	1,994.0	12.3	72.7
Total	3,822.6	4,059.2	271.6	22.2	293.7	4,352.9	1,253.6	5,606.5	6.7	77.6
Females—										
Married	800.2	1,442.6	50.0	39.4	89.5	1,532.1	2.049.3	3,581.3	5.8	42.8
Not married	714.1	912.4	<b>99</b> . i	23.6	122.7	1,035.1	1,126.5	2,161.5	11.9	47.9
Total .	1,514.3	2,355.0	149.1	<i>63.1</i>	212.1	2,567.1	<i>3,175</i> .7	5,742.9	8.3	44.7
Persons	5,336.8	6,414.2	420.6	85.2	505.9	6,920.0	4,429.3	11,349.3	7.3	61.0

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER, STATES AND TERRITORIES, SEPTEMBER 1982

				Unemployed				<b></b>		
State or	Empl  Full-time	loyed	Looking Looking for for full-time part-time			Labour	Not in labour		Unemploy- ment	Partici- pation
Territory	workers	Total	work	work	Total	force	force		rate	rate
				- '00	0 —				<b>-</b> p	er cent —
				MALE	S	* .				
N.S.W.	1,344.7	1,423.8	99.3	8.4	107.8	1,531.6	437.6	1,969.2	7.0	77.8
Vic.	1,011.1	1,075.2	64.0	5.9	69.9	1,145.1	326.8	1,471.9	6.1	77.8
Qld	603.4	642.9	35.7	•	38.5	681.4	207.9	889.3	5.7	76.6
S.A.	329.5	349.3	28.9	•	30.3	379.6	119.4	498.9	8.0	76.1
W.A.	340.7	362.2	27.1	2.7	29.8	392.0	101.8	493.8	7.6	79.4
Tas.	102.5	107.9	11.6	•	11.7	119.6	37.4	157.0	9.8	76.2
N.T.	34.9	37.5	•	•	1.9	39.4	8.0	47.3	4.8	83.2
A.C.T.	55.8	60.4	3.2	•	3.8	64.3	14.6	78.9	6.0	81.5
Australia	3,822.6	4,059.2	271.6	22.2	293.7	4,352.9	1,253.6	5,606.5	6.7	77.6
				FEMAL	ES					
N.S.W.	536.2	805.3	49.7	18.8	68.5	873.8	1,152.9	2,026.7	7.8	43.1
Vic.	429.0	648.2	40.4	17.0	57.5	705.6	815.9	1,521.5	8.1	46.4
Qld	220.3	351.4	22.3	13.2	35.5	386.9	516.8	903.7	9.2	42.8
S.A.	123.9	204.7	17.0	4.4	21.4	226.2	285.4	511.5	9.5	44.2
W.A.	124.1	216.6	11.9	4.6	16.5	233.1	256.2	489.3	7.1	47.6
Tas.	36.6	62.6	5.3	1.8	7.2	69.8	94.2	164.0	10.3	42.6
N.T.	16.9	24.0		•	2.5	26.5	16.2	42.7	9.3	62.0
A.C.T.	27.3	42.2	•	•	3.1	45.3	38.2	83.5	6.9	54.3
Australia	1,514.3	2,355.0	149.1	63.1	212.1	2,567.1	3,175.7	5,742.9	8.3	44.7
				PERSON	is					
N.S.W.	1,880.8	2,229.2	149.1	27.2	176.3	2,405.4	1,590.5	3,996.0	7.3	60.2
Vic.	1,440.1	1,723.3	104.5	22.9	127.4	1,850.7	1,142.7	2,993.4	6.9	61.8
Qld	823.8	994.2	58.0	16.0	74.1	1,068.3	724.7	1,793.0	6.9	59.6
S.A.	453.4	554.0	45.9	5.8	51.7	605.7	404.7	1,010.4	8.5	59.9
W.A.	464.8	578.8	38.9	7.3	46.3	625.1	358.0	983.1	7.4	63.6
Tas.	139.1	170.5	16.9	2.0	18.9	189.4	131.7	321.0	10.0	59.0
N.T.	51.8	61.4	2.6	1.8	4.4	65.8	24.2	90.0	6.6	73.1
A.C.T.	83.1	102.6	4.8	2.2	7.0	109.6	52.8	162.4	6.3	67.5
Australia	5,336.8	6,414.2	420.6	85.2	505.9	6,920.0	4,429.3	11,349.3	7.3	61.0

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER, STATE CAPITAL CITIES, SEPTEMBER 1982

				Unemployed						
	Empl	oyed	Looking for	Looking for		Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemploy-	Partici- pation rate
Capital city	Full-time workers	Total	full-time work	part-time work	Total				ment rate	
				- '00				— p	er cent —	
				MALE	S					
Sydney	857.2	908.1	55.5	5.9	61.3	969.4	267.4	1,236.8	6.3	78.4
Melbourne	729.0	774.0	42.2	•	45.9	819.9	228.8	1,048.7	5.6	78.2
Brisbane	271.3	290.8	14.5	•	16.0	306.8	92.6	399.4	5.2	76.8
Adelaide	231.3	244.7	22.4	•	23.7	268.4	89.1	357.5	8.8	75.1
Perth	232.6	249.6	19.5		21.5	271.0	73.3	344.3	7.9	78.7
Hobart	41.1	43.2	4.4	• .	4.4	47.7	15.9	63.6	9.3	74.9
Total	2,362.5	2,510.3	158.4	14.5	172.9	2,683.2	767.2	3,450.3	6.4	77.8
				FEMAL	ES					
Sydney	377.6	547.6	29.0	12.9	41.9	589.5	717.6	1,307.1	7.1	45.1
Melbourne	330.1	484.0	28.5	12.5	41.1	525.1	573.3	1,098.4	7.8	47.8
Brisbane	113.7	175.0	10.2	6.2	16.4	191.4	237.1	428.6	8.6	44.7
Adelaide	96.9	152.2	13.4	2.6	16.0	168.2	210.8	379.0	9.5	44.4
Perth	96.6	161.3	9.4	3.5	12.9	174.2	190.8	365.0	7.4	47.7
Hobart	18.6	28.9	2.4	•	3.3	32.2	36.1	68.2	10.1	47.1
Total	1,033.5	1,549.0	92.9	38.6	131.5	1,680.5	1,965.7	3,646.2	7.8	46.1
				PERSO	NS					
Sydney	1,234.8	1,455.7	84.5	18.7	103.2	1,558.9	985.0	2,543.8	6.6	61.3
Melbourne	1,059.0	1,258.0	70.7	16.3	87.0	1,344.9	802.1	2,147.0	6.5	62.6
Brisbane	385.0	465.9	24.7	7.7	32.4	498.2	329.7	828.0	6.5	60.2
Adelaide	328.2	396.9	35.8	4.0	39.7	436.6	299.9	736.5	9.1	59.3
Perth	329.3	410.8	28.9	5.4	34.4	445.2	264.1	709.3	7.7	62.8
Hobart	59.7	72.1	6.8	•	7.7	79.8	52.0	131.8	9.7	60.5
Total	3,396.0	4,059.3	251.3	53.1	304.4	4,363.7	2,732.8	7,096.5	7.0	61.5

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, SEPTEMBER 1982

		· F			Pe	rsons	
		Fema	iles	Aged	Aged	Aged 25	
	60.4 55.8 4.6 3.8 3.2 * 64.3 14.6 4.2 78.9	Married	Total	15-19	20-24	and over	Total
			<del>-</del>	· 000 —			
Employed	60.4	25.8	42.2	8.6	13.5	80.6	102.6
Full-time workers	55.8	15.3	27.3	4.6	11.7	66.8	83.1
Part-time workers	4.6	10.5	14.9	3.9	•	13.8	19.5
Unemployed	3.8	•	3.1	2.4	•	3.3	7.0
Looking for full-time work		•	•	•	•	2.7	4.8
Looking for part-time work	•	•	•	•	•	•	2.2
Labour force	64.3	26.7	45.3	11.0	14.7	83.9	109.6
Not in the labour force	14.6	26.3	38.2	9.4	3.8	39.5	52.8
Aged 15-19 attending school(a)	4.2	•	3.2	7.4			7.4
Civilian population	78.9	53.0	83.5	20.4	18.6	123.4	162.4
			р	er cent—			
Unemployment rate	6.0	•	6.9	21.7	•	3.9	6.3
Persons looking for full-time work	5.5	•	•	•	•	3.9	5.4
Participation rate	81.5	50.3	54.3	53.7	79.3	68.0	67.5
Employment/population ratio	76.6	48.7	50.5	42.1	72.5	65.3	63.2
			—n	umber—			
Average weekly hours worked by employed							
persons	34.2	23.7	25.0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	30.4
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	32.5	•	29.1	•		39.2	31.0

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 19.

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, SEPTEMBER 1982(a)

				Unemployed						
	Emplo Full-time workers	oyed Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Total	Labour force		Civilian population aged 15-19	Unemploy- meni rate	Partici- pation rate
			<b>000 -</b>						— p	per cent —
			NOT	ATTENDIN	NG SCHOO	L	-		-	
Males	269.0	290.7	52.9	•	55.6	346.4	39.4	385.7	16.1	89.8
Females	193.9	233.2	47.7	4.6	52.3	285.5	74.5	360.0	18.3	79.3
Persons	463.0	523. <del>9</del>	100.6	7.3	107.9	631.8	113.9	745.7	17.1	84.7
Left school										
Before 1981	299.2	332.0	60.3	•	63.8	395.8	62.7	458.5	16.1	86.3
1981	140.1	165.6	30.6	•	34.2	199.8	46.8	246.5	17.1	81.0
1982 to survey date	23.6	26.4	9.7	•	9.9	36.2	4.5	40.7	27.3	89.0
Age—										
15	12.2	14.2	6.2	•	6.6	20.8	•	24.5	31.9	84.9
16	47.1	53.1	16.0	•	16.3	69.5	9.8	79.2	23.5	87.7
17	102.8	114.6	24.9	•	25.5	140.1	17.0	157.1	18.2	89.2
18	143.7	161.5	26.8	1 40	29.9	191.4	36.2	227.6	15.6	84.1
19	157.1	180.5	26.7	} 6.0	29.6	210.1	47.2	257.3	14.1	81.7
			A	TTENDING	SCHOOL				·	
Males	6.3	52.8	5.9	9.2	15.1	67.9	190.6	258.5	22.2	26.3
Females	*	54.3	J.,	12.5	15.1	69.4	187.6	257.0	21.7	27.0
Persons	8.7	107.2	8.5	21.7	30.2	137.3	378.2	515.5	22.0	26.6
Age—										
15	•	38.2	)	f 11.1	15.2	53.3	172.4	225.7	28.4	23.6
16	•	41.1	6.8	7.5	10.3	51.4	117.9	169.3	20.0	30.4
17		22.7	•		•	26.2	63.5	89.7	•	29.2
18 and 19	•	5.2	•	•	•	6.4	24.4	30.8	•	20.7
		-		ТОТА	L.					
Males	275.3	343.5	58.8	11.9	70.7	414.3	230.0	644.2	17.1	64.3
Females	196.4	287.6	50.2	17.1	67.3	354.9	262.1	617.0	19.0	57.5
Persons	471.7	631.1	109.0	29.0	138.1	769.1	492.1	1,261.3	18.0	61.0
Age—								*		
15	14.8	52.4	10.3	11.5	21.8	74.2	176.1	250.2	29.4	29.6
16	51.5	94.3	18.8	7.9	26.6	120.9	127.7	248.5	22.0	48.6
17	104.2	137.3	26.3	)	<b>∫</b> 29.0	166.3	80.6	246.8	17.4	67.4
18	144.1	166.0	27.1	} 6.5	30.9	197.0	57.9	254.9	15.7	77.3
19	157.1	181.1	26.7	•.	29.8	210.9	49.9	260.8	14.1	80.9

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 19.

TABLE 8. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20 TO 24, SEPTEMBER 1982

÷				Unemployed						
	Emplo	yed	Looking	Looking			**	e		D
	Full-time workers	Total	for full-time work	for part-time work	Total	Labour force		Civilian population aged 20-24	ment	Partici- pation rate
				- '0	00 —				— p	er cent —
Males	498.8	529.1	64.8	•	67.8	596.9	64.1	661.0	11.4	90.3
Females	338.1	411.2	37.5	5.7	43.2	454.4	191.2	645.6	9.5	70.4
Persons	836.9	940.3	102.2	8.7	110.9	1,051.3	255.3	1,306.6	10.6	80.5
Age— 20 21 22 23 24										
20	167.9	185.4	26.5		28.4	213.8	51.7	265.5	13.3	80.5
21	165.9	189.8	24.2	•	26.2	216.0	49.9	265.9	12.1	81.2
22	169.4	189.3	21.8	)	23.1	212.4	49.1	261.5	10.9	81.2
23	169.6	190.8	16.7	<b>}</b> 4.7	₹ 18.6	209.4	49.6	259.1	8.9	80.8
24 .	164.2	185.0	13.1	} ```	14.6	199.6	55.0	254.6	7.3	78.4

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY BIRTHPLACE, SEPTEMBER 1982

	Emplo	yed	Unemploy	ed			
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Total	Labour force	Unemployment rate	Participation rate(a
			- · <b>000</b>				per cent —
			MALES				
Born in Australia	2,774.1	2,954.7	187.7	202.3	3,157.0	6.4	78.2
Born outside Australia	1,048.4	1,104.4	83.9	91.4	1,195.9	7.6	79.
Africa	31.2	32.8	•	•	35.8	•	79.:
America Asia	27.8 122.3	30.9 130.8	•	*	33.9	•	83.0
Lebanon	14.1	15.3	16.5	18.6	149.4 19.3	12.5	77.3
Europe	806.5	843.2	56.0	59.9	903.1	6.6	78.: 79.6
Germany, Fed. Rep.	33.0	34.1	•	•	36.9	•	83.8
Greece	55.1	57.3	•	4.6	61.9	7.4	83.
Italy Malta	106.5 24.8	110.2 26.0	5.5	6.1	116.3	5.2	81.2
Netherlands	38.7	40.0	•		28.2 43.2	:	82.5 80.6
Poland	19.1	21.1	•	•	22.4	•	67.4
U.K. and Ireland	391.9	411.1	25.1	27.0	438.1	6.2	77.2
Yugoslavia	63.1	65.5	7.5	8.0	73.5	10.9	82.5
Oceania New Zealand	60.7 50.7	66.7 55.1	5.7 5.7	6.9 6.7	73.6 61.8	9.4	86.2
		. 55.1	MARRIED FEMALE		01.8	10.9	87.6
D :- A					<del></del>		<u> </u>
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	534.5 265.7	1,021.1 421.5	25.5 24.5	50.4 39.0	1,071.5	4.7	41.5
Africa	10.9	16.0	24.3 *	39.0	460.5 17.3	8.5	46.6
America	8.4	11.6	•	•	13.0	•	55.3 46.2
Asia	38.8	52.8	5.8	7. <b>9</b>	60.8	13.0	49.1
Lebanon	100.0	•	•	•	•	•	•
Europe Germany, Fed. Rep.	190.9 8.2	313.1 14.0	, 16.4	27.0	340.1	7.9	45.2
Greece	21.8	29.1	•	:	15.5 31.7	•	43.2
Italy	22.8	34.6	•	•	36.7	•	57.8 38.5
Malta	•	5.9	•	•	6.3	•	27.3
Netherlands	6.4	15.5	•	•	17.5	•	44.0
Poland U.K. and Ireland	90.4	7.1 157.7	<b>*</b>	•	8.2	•	41.5
Yugoslavia	90.4 19.8	25.6	6.4	10.5	168.2 29.8	6.3	45.5
Oceania	16.7	28.0	•	•	29.8 29.5	•	53.8 55.7
New Zealand	14.6	24.9	•		26.2	•	59.3
	·		ALL FEMALES				
Born in Australia	1,125.8	1,775.7	104.1	149.6	1,925.3	7.8	45.2
Born outside Australia Africa	388.5 15.1	579.3 21.8	44.9	62.6	641.8	9.7	46.1
America	12.0	16.4			23.9 19.0	•	53.5
Asia	59.5	79.0	8.7	11.5	90.6	12.7	49.4 48.7
Lebanon	•	4.8	•		5.9	12.7 •.	33.3
Europe	269.8	413.5	30.4	43.0	456.4	9.4	44.1
Germany, Fed. Rep. Greece	12.0 24.3	18.8 32,3		•	21.1	:	43.8
Italy	28.5	40.9	•	•	35.5 43.9	•	53.9
Malta	4.7	7.7	•	•	8.3	•	37.8 30.4
Netherlands	8.5	17.8	•	•	20.4	•	42.1
Poland U.K. and Ireland	4.7	8.3	•	•	9.6	•	35.1
Yugoslavia	145.1 22.4	227.4 28.6	14.8 4.5	20.8	248.2	8.4	45.6
Oceania	32.1	48.6	4.5	5.0	33.6 52.0	14.9	48.6 59.7
New Zealand	26.8	40.7	•	•	43.8	•	61.9
	·	····	PERSONS				
Born in Australia	3,899.9	4,730.5	291.8	351.9	5,082.3	6.9	61.2
Born outside Australia Africa	1,436.9	1,683.7	128.8	154.0	1,837.7	8.4	63.4
America	46.2 39.8	54.6 47.4	4.5	5.1 5.5	59.7	8.6	66.6
Asia	181.8	209.8	4.3 25.2	5.5 30.2	52.9 239.9	10.5 12.6	66.7
Lebanon	17.4	20.1	4.6	5.1	25.2	20.1	63.3 59.6
Europe Fod Boo	1,076.3	1,256.7	86.3	102.9	1,359.6	7.6	62.4
Germany, Fed. Rep. Greece	45.0 79.4	52.9	4.7	5.2	58.0	8.9	62.9
Italy	79.4 135.0	89.6 151.1	5.8 7.0	7.9 9.0	97.5	8.1	69.4
Malta	29.5	33.7	7.U ◆	9.0	160.2 36.4	5.6	61.8
Netherlands	47.3	57.8	•	5.8	63.6	9.2	59.4 62.3
Poland	23.8	29.4	•	•	32.0	9.2 •	52.8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	537.0	638.5	39.8	47.8	686.3	7.0	61.7
U.K. and Ireland	000						
Yugoslavia Oceania	85.6 92.9	94.1 115.3	12.0 8.5	13.0 10.3	107.1 125.6	12.2 8.2	67.7 72.8

<sup>(</sup>a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, SEPTEMBER 1982

		•		· F		Ocea	_:_		To	otal	
					rope		<u></u>		Femi	ales	
Period of arrival	Africa	America	Asia	U.K. and Ireland	Other countries	New Zealand	Total	Males	Married	Total	Persons
				EMPLOY	ED ('000)	•	-				
Before 1966	18.7	6.7	41.7	277.6	415.9	12.9	16.8	539.7	190.3	237.7	777.4
1966-1970	13.1	5.8	41.7	176.7	109.1	14.7	18.2	231.0	92.8	133.6	364.6
1971-1975	7.4	16.6	45.4	104.6	57.4	12.3	18.8	153.1	66.2	97.1	250.1
1976-1980	10.6	14.1	62.2	45.9	25.5	37.8	42.7	122.5	54.1	78.5	201.0
1981 to survey date	4.8	•	18.8	33.8	10.2	18.1	18.9	58.2	18.2	32.4	90.6
				UNEMPLO	YED ('000	)					_
Before 1966	}		١ •	18.0	25.8		•	30.8	13.0	18.7	49.5
1966-1970			5.5	15.4	14.3	•	•	22.7	7.7	15.6	38.3
1971-1975	<b>&gt;</b> 5.1	5.5	4.7	6.9	5.1	•	•	12.2	5.8	9.4	21.6
1976-1980	1		8.3	•	4.8	} 6.4	6.8	f 11.3	6.4	9.4	20.7
1981 to survey date	}		8.3	5.3	5.1	} ""	U.6	14.5	6.2	9.5	24.0
				LABOUR F	ORCE ('00	0)					
Before 1966	19.6	7.3	45.1	295.5	441.7	13.7	17.6	570.4	203.3	256.4	826.8
1966-1970	13.9	6.6	47.2	192.1	123.4	16.2	19.7	253.7	100.4	149.2	402.9
1971-1975	8.2	19.5	50.0	111.5	62.5	13.5	20.0	165.2	71.9	106.5	271.7
1976-1980	11.7	15.0	70.5	48.2	30.3	40.7	45.8	133.8	60.6	87.9	221.6
1981 to survey date	6.2	4.5	27.1	39.0	15.3	21.5	22.5	72.7	24.3	41.9	114.7
-			UNEM	IPLOYMEN	IT RATE (1	per cent)					
Before 1966	1		·	6.1	5.8		•	5.4	6.4	7.3	6.0
1966-1970			11.6	8.0	11.6	•	•	8.9	7.6	10.4	9.5
1971-1975	8.5	10.5	₹ 9.4	6.2	8.2	•	•	7.4	8.0	8.8	7.9
1976-1980	1		11.7	•	15.8	} 10.3	10.0	∫ 8.4	10.6	10.7	9.3
1981 to survey date	J		30.5	13.5	33.2	} 10.3	10.0	19.9	25.4	22.7	21.0
			PART	CIPATION	RATE (per	cent)(a)					
Before 1966	62.7	51.2	63.3	51.2	60.5	45.8	47.9	73.6	40.1	37.4	56.6
1966-1970	69.0	69.1	71.6	74.0	70.0	80.3	81.6	86.8	56.2	56.6	72.5
1971-1975	68.2	73.0	66.2	74.1	68.6	76.0	75.5	86.8	52.9	55.4	71.0
1976-1980	78.1	73.6	62.7	68.6	70.7	83.3	81.0	86.2	53.9	54.1	69.8
1981 to survey date	55.6	53.6	50.3	72.5	58.9	87.1	78.7	77.1	44.4	47.9	63.0

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 16.

TABLE 11. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1982

		٨	lumber (* 00	0)		Participation rate (per cent)					
		Females									
Age group Male:	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	
15-64	4,292.8	1,522.8	1,023.9	2,546.7	6,839.5	86.2	46.8	62.9	52.2	69.4	
15-19	414.3	12.7	342.2	354.9	769.1	64.0	42.1	58.1	57.8	60.8	
20-24	596.9	152.2	302.1	454.4	1,051.3	90.3	53.8	83.4	70.4	80.5	
25-34	1,154.1	475.0	182.0	657.0	1,811.0	95.8	48.7	76.6	54.2	74.9	
35-44	954.6	481.6	81.5	563.1	1,517.7	95.4	58.1	64.0	58.9	77.6	
45-54	712.6	303.2	75.6	378.8	1,091.4	91.2	49.0	60.6	51.0	71.6	
55-59	310.4	75.7	26.9	102.6	413.0	82.4	26.1	32.4	27.5	55.1	
60-64	150.0	22.4	13.6	36.0	0.681	48.5	9.9	13.2	10.9	29.1	
65 and over	60.1	9.3	11.2	20.4	80.6	9.6	2.8	2.1	2.4	5.4	
Total	4,352.9	1,532.1	1,035.1	2,567.1	6,920.0	77.6	42.8	47.9	44.7	61.0	

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, SEPTEMBER 1982 (per cent)

		Во	orn in Austral	Born outside Australia						
Age group Male		Females						Females		
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-64	86.3	45.6	64.2	52.3	69.2	87.8	50.2	60.3	52.7	71.2
15-19	64.9	43.1	59.1	58.3	61.7	60.7	37.0	53.6	52.7	56.9
20-24	91.6	53.7	84.9	71.5	81.6	86.4	53.9	78.1	66.3	76.6
25-34	96.6	47.8	76.6	53.6	75.2	95.6	51.4	<b>79</b> .7	56.3	75.4
35-44	96.3	56.4	63.0	57.4	76.7	95.5	61.8	71.8	62.8	80.5
45-54	92.0	47.4	64.2	50.5	70.8	91.2	_ 53.0	51.7	52.8	74.4
55-59	82.4	25.3	32.3	26.8	53.8	84.5	28.8	34.5	30.1	59.5
60-64	45.2	9.7	14.1	11.1	27.0	58.2	10.6	•	10.8	35.9
65 and over	11.2	3.2	2.5	2.8	6.3	7.3	*	•	•	4.4
Total	78.2	41.5	50.8	45.2	61.2	79.3	46.6	44.9	46.1	63.4

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions.

TABLE 13. EMPLOYED PERSONS : FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1982 (\* 000)

٠				Age	group				,
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Total
				MALES					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	275.3 68.3	498.8 30.3	1,049.5 36.7	884.9 29.1	662.3 21.9	282.8 14.5	130.9 14.3	38.1 21.4	3,822.6 236.6
Total	343.5	529.1	1,086.1	914.1	684.3	297.3	145.2	59.6	4,059.2
			MAI	RRIED FEM	ALES				
Full-time workers Part-time workers	7.1	105.7 34.9	250.7 192.7	226.1 228.4	156.0 133.7	38.6 34.8	12.1 10.2	5.2	800.2 642.4
Total	9.7	140.6	443.4	454.4	289.6	73.3	22.3	9.3	1,442.6
			Α	LL FEMALE	ES .				
Full-time workers Part-time workers	196.4 91.1	338.1 73.1	395.3 215.3	287.3 242.5	210.4 150.6	57.4 41.6	21.3 14.6	8.1 12.0	1,514.3 840.7
Total	287.5	411.2	610.6	529.8	361.0	99.0	35.9	20.1	2,355.0
				PERSONS					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	471.7 159.4	836.9 103.4	1,444.8 252.0	1,172.2 271.6	872.7 172.6	340.1 56.1	152.2 28.9	46.2 33.4	5,336.8 1,077.4
Total	631.1	940.3	1,696.7	1,443.9	1,045.2	396.2	181.0	79.7	6,414.2

TABLE 14. HOURS WORKED BY EMPLOYED PERSONS, SEPTEMBER 1982

			Females		
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
	NUMBER	EMPLOYED ('000)			
Weekly hours worked—			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
0(a)	393.7	224.3	90.0	314.2	707.9
1-15	133.7	254.7	108.6	363.3	497.0
16-29	193.1	249.6	77.0	326.6	519.7
30-34	231.4	103.9	56.6	160.5	392.0
35-39	658.2	197.3	178.1	375.5	1.033.6
40	1.209.3	262.8	293.7	556.5	1,765.9
41-44	209.7	34.5	42.3	76.8	286.5
45-48	315.7	30.8	29.3	60.1	375.8
49 and over	714.4	84.6	36.8	121.4	835.8
Total	4,059.2	1,442.6	912.4	2,355.0	6,414.2
	WEEKLY I	HOURS WORKED			
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	152.4	36.9	28.0	64.9	217.3
By full-time workers	148.9	28.2	25.3	53.5	202.4
By part-time workers	3.5	8.8	2.6	11.4	14.9
Average weekly hours worked	37.6	25.6	30.6	27.6	33.9
By full-time workers	39.0	35.2	35.5	35.3	37.9 37.9
By part-time workers	14.9	13.7	13.2	13.6	13.9
Average weekly hours worked by persons					
who worked one hour or more in the					
survey week	41.6	30.3	34.0	31.8	38.1
By full-time workers	43.1	40.8	39.2	40.0	42.2
By part-time workers	17.0	16.7	14.9	16.2	16.4

<sup>(</sup>a) Persons who had a job from which they were absent for the whole of the survey week. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 18. (b) Employers, self-employed persons and unpaid family helpers who worked 15 hours or more in the survey week.

TABLE 15. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1982 (per cent)

	<del></del>	Males			Females				
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Noi married	Total	Persons		
15-64	87.4	68.2	80.3	44.1	55.4	47.9	64.2		
15-19	•	52.9	53.1	32.2	47.2	46.4	49.8		
20-24	89.0	77.7	80.0	49.6	74.7	63.7	72.0		
25-34	94.0	80.8	90.1	45.5	70.4	50.4	72.0		
35-44	93.3	77.7	91.4	54.8	59.1	55.4			
45-54	89.7	74.1	87.6	46.8			73.8		
55-59	81.2	64.5	78.9	40.6 25.3	57.2	48.6	68.5		
60-64	48.1	40.4	47.0		30.9	26.6	52.9		
65 and over	9.9	8.4	9.5	9.8 2.8	13.2 2.0	10.9 2.3	28.4 5.3		
Total	77.2	63.7	72.4	40.3	42.2	41.0	56.5		

TABLE 16. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, SEPTEMBER 1982 (\* 000)

Reason for working less than 35 hours	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Leave, holiday or flextime	469.6	134.0	93.8	227.7	697.3
Own illness or injury	149.3	39.3	30.3	69.6	218.9
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	9.1	37.3 •	30.3 •	(17.0 •	9.1
Began or left job in the survey week Stood down, on short time, insufficient	9.8	•	•	5.4	15.2
work	48.2	8.0	5.1	13.1	61.4
Other reasons	29.2	6.0	J.1 ♦	8.1	37.3
Total	715.3	190.1	133.9	323.9	1,039.2

TABLE 17. PART-TIME WORKERS : WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1982 (\*000)

	•		Age	group		•	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Total
		MALES					
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work(a)	68.3 52.1 16.1 6.7	30.3 18.9 11.4 5.7	36.7 25.5 11.1 5.3	29.1 21.5 7.7 5.0	21.9 16.5 5.4	50.3 45.0 5.2	236.6 179.6 57.0 26.2
	MAR	RIED FEMA	LES				
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work(a)	*	34.9 28.0 6.9	192.7 173.3 19.4 5.9	228.4 200.0 28.3	133.7 122.7 10.9 6.3	50.2 47.8 *	642.4 574.1 68.3 12.2
	A	LL FEMALE	S				
Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work(a)	91.1 70.0 21.1 10.5	73.1 54.3 18.8 7.1	215.3 190.1 25.2 5.9	242.5 211.0 31.4 4.8	150.6 136.2 14.4	68.1 64.7 *	840.7 726.3 114.4 31.4
		PERSONS					
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work(a)	159.4 122.1 37.3 17.2	103.4 73.2 30.2 12.9	252.0 215.7 36.3 11.1	271.6 232.5 39.1 9.8	172.6 152.7 19.8 5.0	118.4 109.7 8.7	1,077.4 906.0 171.4 57.6

<sup>(</sup>a) In the four weeks up to the end of the survey week.

TABLE 18. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, SEPTEMBER 1982 (\* 000)

	Hours worked by persons who worked in the survey week					Persons who did not work		
	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34	in the survey week(a)	Total
			MALES					
Total	29.6	39.3	29.2	37.5	32.1	40.1	28.9	236.6
Preferred not to work more hours	20.9	30.2	20.4	26.6	22.5	34.1	24.9	179.6
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time	8.6	9.1	8.8	11.0	9.6	5.9	•	57.0
work(b)	4.5	•	5.3	4.9		5.5	•	26.2
		MAI	RRIED FEMA	LES				
Total	66.2	97.3	82.7	109.1	110.5	61.7	115.0	642.4
Preferred not to work more hours	56.8	81.4	72.5	98.6	102.5	56.7		574.1
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time	9.4	15.9	10.2	10.5	8.0	5.0	9.3	. 68.3
work(b)		5.7			5.5		•	12.2
		A	LL FEMALE	S				
Total	96.6	145.9	104.3	133.7	140.0	82.4	137.8	840.7
Preferred not to work more hours	80.0	120.4	88.8	116.2	124.1	72.4	124.5	726.3
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time	16.6	25.5	15.6	17.6	15.9	10.0	13.3	114.4
work(b)	•	7.5	4.5	6.7		7.0	•	31.4
			PERSONS					
Total	126.1	185.1	133.6	171.3	172.1	122.5	166.7	1,077.4
Preferred not to work more hours	100.9	150.6	109.2	142.8	146.6	106.6	149.4	906.0
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time	25.2	34.6	24.4	28.5	25.5	15.9	17.3	171.4
work(b)	8.1	11.6	9.8	11.6	8.2	•	*	57.6

<sup>(</sup>a) Persons who had a part-time job from which they were absent for the whole of the survey week. See Explanatory notes, paragraph 18. (b) In the four weeks up to the end of the survey week.

TABLE 19. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE, STATES, SEPTEMBER 1982 ('000)

Age group	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia(a
			MALES				
15-19	23.3	18.9	7.8	9.1	7.6	3.1	70.7
20-24	25.7	16.5	8.0	5.9	6.2	3.6	67.8
25-34	26.3	12.7	10.8	7.3	6.4	2.9	67.9
35 and over	32.6	21.8	11.9	7.9	9.6	2.1	87.3
Total	107.8	69.9	38.5	30.3	29.8	11.7	293.7
			FEMALES				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
15-19	21.0	14.2	11.4	9.3	6.1	3.1	67.3
20-24	13.8	11.0	7.5	4.4	3.9	1.8	43.2
25-34	14.6	14.0	8.1	3.8	3.5	} 2.3	<b>f</b> 46.4
35 and over	19.0	18.3	8.5	4.0	- 3.0	<i>f</i> 2.3	55.2
Total	68.5	57.5	35.5	21.4	16.5	7.2	212.1
			PERSONS				
Looking for full-time work-	_						
15-19	36.2	24.1	14.1	16.4	11.0	5.8	109.0
20-24	36.0	26.9	13.9	9.2	9.1	5.1	102.2
25-34	35.9	20.5	14.9	10.2	8.3	3.5	94.9
35-44	21.9	16.7	7.2	5.4	4.9	)	58.5
45-54	13.5	10.9	5.5	} 4.7	∫ 3.9	2.5	₹ 37.6
55 and over	5.6	5.3	•	<i>y</i> ••••	<i>f</i> •	J	L 18.4
Total looking for							
full-time work	149.1	104.5	58.0	45.9	38.9	16.9	420.6
Total—							·
15-19	44.3	33.1	19.2	18.4	13.7	6.2	138.1
20-24	39.5	27.5	15.6	10.3	0.01	5.3	110.9
25-34	40.9	26.7	18.9	11.1	9.9	4.1	114.3
35-44	27.8	20.7	9.8	6.6	5.9	1.6	73.8
45-54	17.0	12.8	6.9	2.6	4.8	} 1.6	<b>∫ 46.1</b>
55 and over	6.7	6.6	3.8	2.7	•	} 1.6	22.6
Total	176.3	127.4	74.1	51.7	46.3	18.9	505.9

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory.

TABLE 20. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, SEPTEMBER 1982

	-	Number unemployed (* 000)					Unemplo <sub>.</sub>	yment rate (	(per cent)	
	Mai	les	Fema	iles		Ма	les	Femo	ales	
	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons
	L	OOKING	FOR FUL	L-TIME	WORK					
Total	109.9	271.6	50.0	149.1	420.6	3.9	6.6	5.9	9.0	7.3
Aged 15-19		58.8		50.2	109.0	*	17.6	•	20.4	18.8
Looking for first job	•	20.7	*	16.4	37.1	• •	• •	• •		
Attending school	· ·	5.9			8.5	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Aged 20 and over	108.9	212.8	48.4	98.8	311.6	3.9	5.7	5.8	7.0	6.0
20-24	11.0	64.8	9.2	37.5	102.2	8.4	11.5	8.0	10.0	10.9
looking for first job	22.6			4.6	8.2	4.0				
25-34	32.6	66.2	16.0	28.8	94.9	4.0	5.9	6.0	6.8	6.2
35-44	29.3	39.3	14.0	19.2	58.5	3.6	4.3	5.8	6.3	4.8
45-54	21.4	26.6 15.9	7.8	11.0	37.6 18.4	3.5 3.6	3.9 3.4	4.8	5.0	4.1
55 and over	14.6 109.7	271.4	50.0	149.1	420.4	3.0 4.0	6.7	5.9	9.0	3.3 7.4
Aged 15-64						4.0	0.7	3.9	9.0	
	L	OOKING	FOR PAR	(1-11ME	WORK					
Total	4.9	22.2	`39.4	63.1	85.2	4.5	8.6	5.8	7.0	7.3
Aged 15-19	•	11.9	•	17.1	29.0		14.9	•	15.8	15.4
Attending school	*	9.2	•	12.5	21.7	•	16.5	•	19.4	18.1
Aged 20 and over	4.7	10.2	38.1	46.0	56.2	4.3	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.8
20-24	•	4.7	{ · •	5.7	8.7		6.6	<b> </b>	7.2	7.8
25-34	•	Į <b>7.</b> ,	15.6	17.6	19.4	*	} 0.0	7.5	7.6	7.1
35-44		5.5	₹ 13.1	14.2	. 15.4	*	5.1	§ 5.4	5.5	5.4
45 and over		)	6.8	8.4	12.8		)	ે 3.6	3.7	4.2
Aged 15-64	4.6	21.8	39.4	62.7	84.5	4.9	9.2	5.8	7.0	7.5
			TOTA	.L						
Total	114.9	293.7	89.5	212.1	505.9	4.0	6.7	5.8	8.3	7.3
Aged 15-19	•	70.7	*	67.3	138.1		17.1	•	19.0	18.0
Attending school	•	15.1	•	15.1	30.2	•	22.2		21.7	22.0
Aged 20 and over(a)	113.6	223.0	86.5	144.8	367.8	3.9	5.7	5.7	6.5	6.0
20-24	11.2	67.8	11.6	43.2	110.9	8.3	11.4	7.6	9.5	10.6
25-34	33.1	67.9	31.6	46.4	114.3	4.0	5.9	6.7	7.1	6.3
35-44	29.9	40.5	27.2	33.4	73.8	3.5	4.2	5.6	5.9	4.9
45-54	22.9	28.4	13.6	17.8	46.1	3.6	4.0	4.5	4.7	4.2
55-59	11.4	13.1	•	•	16.7	4.2	4.2		•	4.1
60-64	4.6	4.8	*	3110	4.9	3.5	3.2	•		2.7
Aged 15-64	114.3	293.2	89.5	211.8	505.0	4.0	6.8	5.9	8.3	7.4

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 21. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, SEPTEMBER 1982

	Nun	iber unemployed	('000)	Unen	nployment rate (p	er cent)
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
	ВО	RN IN AUSTRA	LIA		· -	
Total	202.3	149.6	351.9	6.4	7.8	6.9
Looking for full-time work	187.7	104.1	291.8	6.3	8.5	7.0
Looking for part-time work	14.6	45.4	60.0	7.5	6.5	6.7
Aged 15-19	59.0	57.2	116.3	16.6	18.6	17.5
Aged 20 and over	143.3	92.3	235.6	5.1	5.7	5.3
20-24	54.9	33.1	88.0	11.1	8.8	10.1
25-34	45.1	31.3	76.4	5.2	6.6	5.7
35-44	19.9	17.3	37.2	3.2	4.6	3.7
45-54	14.6	9.1	23.7	3.1	3.4	3.2
55 and over	8.8	•	10.3	2.5	•	2.2
Aged 15-64	202.0	149.4	351.4	6.5	7.8	7.0
	BORN	OUTSIDE AUST	ralia .			
Total	91.4	62.6	154.0	7.6	9.7	8.4
Looking for full-time work	83.9	44.9	128.8	7.4	10.4	8.2
Looking for part-time work	7.5	17.6	25.2	11.9	8.5	9.3
Aged 15-19	11.7	10.1	21.8	19.7	21.7	20.6
Aged 20 and over	79.7	52.5	132.2	7.0	8.8	7.6
20-24	12.9	10.1	23.0	12.4	13.2	12,7
25-34	22.9	15.1	37.9	7.8	8.3	8.0
35-44	20.6	16.1	36.7	6.2	8.7	7.1
45-54	13.7	8.7	22.4	5.6	7.9	6.3
55 and over	9.7		12.2	5.9	•	5.9
Aged 15-64	91.2	62.4	153.6	7.7	9.8	8.4

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., SEPTEMBER 1982

<b>D</b>		Age	group					Lookin	g for-
Duration of unemployment (weeks)	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-54	Total(a)	Married	Not married	Full-time work	Part-tim wor
<del></del>			MALE	ES					
					- '000 —				
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52	5.8 8.6 8.8 11.3 13.0	7.5 10.1 8.6 14.0 9.5	8.3 11.0 8.5 11.8 7.6	8.7 8.5 7.8 8.0 7.0	18.6 34.3 40.2 38.1 50.1 37.1	7.4 14.1 15.7 15.2 18.0 11.1	11.1 20.2 24.5 22.9 32.1 26.0	15.5 30.7 37.1 36.2 46.4 34.5	<ul><li>6.</li><li>4.</li><li>6.</li></ul>
52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	} 4.6 5.6	5.9 5.5	7.8 5.5	7.0 4.7 10.5	14.1 20.0 14.2 27.1	9.2 7.8 12.2	10.1 10.8 6.4 14.9	14.0 18.6 13.1 25.4	•
Total	70.7	67.8	67.9	68.8	293.7	114.9	178.9	271.6	<i>22</i>
				_	-weeks				
Average (mean) duration Median duration	23.0 13.8	29.5 17.0	30.9 15.2	46.2 22.2	33.4 17.1	36.6 16.6	31.4 17.4	34.1 17.6	25.: 11.:
			FEMAL	ES					
					-'000—	<del> </del>			
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65 55 and under 104 104 and over	5.5 8.2 9.3 7.7 9.5 13.3 4.9 } 6.6 {	5.1 6.6 * 7.3 6.0 6.2 4.9	5.3 7.3 5.7 5.3 6.5 5.3 5.5	5.1 10.2 5.6 6.9 4.9 6.0 6.0	18.9 31.3 27.8 24.6 28.8 31.1 9.9 12.3 7.8 19.5	10.6 17.3 11.3 12.4 10.7 11.5 * 4.6 *	8.3 14.0 16.4 12.3 18.1 19.6 7.9 7.7 5.5 12.8	8.9 16.3 19.3 16.6 23.3 23.1 8.7 9.1 6.8 17.0	10.0 15.0 8.5 8.0 5.2 8.0 4.2
Total	67.3	43.2	46.4	51.1	212.1	89.5	122.7	149.1	<b>63</b> . <i>i</i>
	•			_	weeks-				
Average (mean) duration Median duration	24.8 17.0	37.3 18.0	31.7 12.6	34.2 11.4	31.3 14.6	23.8 10.2	36.7 20.4	36.4 20.5	19.2 7.1
			PERSON	vs					
					-'000—				· -
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65 65 and under 104 04 and over	11.3 16.9 18.1 19.0 22.4 24.1 9.5 7.2 5.0 4.6	6.1 12.7 16.7 12.9 21.3 15.5 5.5 6.6	9.5 15.6 16.7 13.8 18.3 12.9 5.4 6.3 4.8 11.0	8.8 18.9 14.1 14.7 12.9 13.0 • 10.5 6.8 16.9	37.5 65.6 68.0 62.7 78.9 68.2 24.0 32.4 22.1 46.5	18.0 31.4 27.1 27.6 28.6 22.7 6.1 13.8 10.2 18.8	19.4 34.2 40.9 35.1 50.2 45.6 18.0 18.6 11.8 27.7	24.4 47.0 56.4 52.9 69.7 57.6 22.7 27.6 19.9 42.4	13.1 18.6 11.6 9.9 9.2 10.6 • 4.7
[otal	138.1	110.9	114.3	120.0	505.9	204.3	301.5	420.6	85.2
					weeks—		<b></b>	-30.0	00.2
Average (mean) duration  Median duration	23.9 15.2	32.5 17.3	31.3 14.1	41.1 16.4	32.5 16.2	31.0 12.6	33.6 18.5	34.9 18.5	20.8 7.8

# TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, SEPTEMBER 1982 (\*000)

<del></del>			Duration o	of unemplo	yment (we	eks)				<del></del>
	Under 4	4 and under 8	8 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 39	39 and under 65	65 and over	Males	Females	Persons
Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years	60.6	52.9	45.7	63.1	45.3	38.0	14.7	213.4	106.9	320.3
Industry division or subdivision Agriculture and services to agriculture Manufacturing	17.1	4.9 13.9 5.0	10.9	_6.5	11.5	5.2 9.7	* 4.6 *	14.4 60.7 8.3	21.8	17.2 82.5 12.3
Food, beverages and tobacco Metal products Other manufacturing Construction Wholesale and retail trade	13.8 7.2 14.9	5.0. _4.9  9.7 6.8 10.5	5.9 6.1 9.0	5.6 9.4 8.0 16.3	7.0 4.7 8.1	4.9 6.7 5.4 9.2	•	14.1 38.3 38.4 39.1	16.5 *	15.4 54.8 39.4 71.5
Transport and storage Finance, property and business services Community services	4.9	_4.7 _6.1	6.5	_5.4		4.6	•	12.8 9.3 7.4	8.5 16.0	14.4 17.8 23.3
Recreation, personal and other services Other industries	•	6.3 4.7	•	5.3 4.7		7.7	:	13.3 17.9	15.7 7.2	29.0 25.1
Occupation group— Professional, technical, etc. Clerical Sales Farmers, fishermen, etc. Transport and communication Tradesmen, production-process	7.3 6.3	7.7 7.5 5.3 7.1 5.1		_6.9 6.4 8.0 5.7 _5.1			5.3	11.7 6.9 13.0 22.3 12.8	9.1 28.3 19.5 *	20.8 35.1 32.5 25.4 14.9
workers and labourers, n.e.c. Service, sport and recreation Other occupations	28.8 5.1	23.5 5.8 5.9		29.3 7.3		·19.0 4.6	6.9 *	126.5 12.4 7.8	22.4 21.1	148.9 33.5 9.2
Other Looking for first job Looking for full-time work Other Stood down	25.6 12.7 6.0 12.9 16.9	15.0 7.6 • 7.4	9.2 5.8	15.8 8.2 5.1 7.6	13.5 10.0 9.5	10.5 8.3 7.9	53.9 8.2 6.8 45.7	74.3 32.9 24.2 41.4 6.0	94.4 37.0 21.1 57.4 10.8	168.7 69.9 45.3 98.8 16.9
Total	103.1	68.0	62.7	78.9	68.2	56.4	68.6	293.7	212.1	505.9

### TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15 TO 19, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, SEPTEMBER 1982(a)

		Not atte	ending school	
·	Attending school	Left school before 1981	Left school 1981 to survey date	Total
	NUMBER (' 0	00)		
Duration of unemployment (weeks)— Under 4 4 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and over	9.8 9.7 } 10.7	11.7 15.0 10.4 26.7	6.7 12.4 7.6 17.4	28.2 37.1 22.4 50.3
Total	30.2	63.8	44.1	138.1
AVERAGI	(MEAN) DURATION OF	UNEMPLOYMENT (	weeks)	
Males Females Persons	13.6 13.7 13.7	29.5 31.2 30.4	20.9 22.1 21.4	23.0 24.8 23.9
Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	13.8 13.6	31.4	21.2	26.3 14.9
MED	IAN DURATION OF UNE	MPLOYMENT (weeks	s)	·
Males Females Persons	8.3 8.3 8.3	16.8 22.4 19.5	16.4 20.9 18.0	13.8 17.0 15.2
Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	* 7.4	20.9	18.5	18.6 7.0

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS : ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK(a) AND AGE, SEPTEMBER 1982 ('000)

				Persons					
	Males	Females	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total			
Took active steps to find work	287.7	201.3	134.4	109.3	245.2	489.0			
Wrote, phoned or applied in person to an employer Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job	233.4	165.8	111.5	90.0	197.7	399.2			
Checked factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards Been registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service Checked or registered with any other employment agency	48.5	30.9	20.6	17.8	40.9	<b>79.4</b>			
Advertised or tendered for work Contacted relatives or friends	5.9	4.6	•	•	6.6	10.4			
Stood down	6.1	10.8	•	•	11.6	16.9			
Total	293.7	212.1	138.1	110.9	256.9	505.9			

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes, paragraph 10.

TABLE 26. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1982

	-	Males			Females			Proportion of	
Age group Mar	Married	Not married			Not Married married		Persons	population in each age group	
			•	— per cent —					
15-19		232.7	232.7	17.5	246.8	264.2	496.9	39.2	
20-24	•	60.2	64.1	131.0	60.2	191.2	255.3	19.5	
25-34	18.2	32.7	50.9	499.8	55.5	555.3	606.2	25.1	
35-44	28.6	17.4	46.0	346.9	45.9	392.9	438.8	22.4	
45-54	47.1	21.8	68.9	315.5	49.1	364.6	433.5	28.4	
55-59	49.3	17.2	66.5	214.1	56.0	270.0	336.5	44.9	
60-64	132.5	26.7	159.2	204.1	89.2	293.4	452.5	70.9	
65-69	176.6	35.0	211.6	156.4	117.0	273.4	485.0	90.9	
70 and over	252.0	101.7	353.7	164.1	406.7	570.8	924.5	96.7	
Total	708.3	545.2	1,253.6	2,049.3	1,126.5	3,175.7	4,429.3	39.0	

TABLE 27. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE : WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., SEPTEMBER 1982 ('000)

		Males			Females		
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Looking for work Took active steps to find work(a) Did not take active steps to find work	10.3 5.0 5.3	29.7 23.0 6.8	40.0 28.0 12.1	35.0 11.7 23.3	30.6 19.0 11.6	65.6 30.6 35.0	105.6 58.6 47.0
Not looking for work	663.9	453.4	1,117.3	1,998.0	1,004.1	3,002.1	4,119.4
Permanently unable to work	16.9	15.7	32.7	5.8	14.6	20.3	53.0
In institutions	17.2	46.4	63.6	10.5	77.2	87.7	151.3
Total	708.3	545.2	1,253.6	2,049.3	1,126.5	3,175.7	4,429.3

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available to start work in the survey week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 28. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS, AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER 1982(a)
('000)

			Fem	ales	
		Males	Married	Total	Persons
Labour force status in— August 1982 Employed full time	September 1982 Employed full time Employed part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	2,979.2 36.5 32.7 19.2	581.1 36.7 4.7 18.5	1,106.6 49.2 10.5 22.4	4,085.8 85.6 43.3 41.7
Employed part time	Employed full time Employed part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	49.8 118.8 7.6 16.0	42.1 443.3 8.8 41.6	58.8 566.2 15.6 53.5	108.6 684.9 23.2 69.5
Unemployed	Employed full time Employed part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	27.5 9.5 153.9 18.9	9.6 29.8 18.7	13.8 14.8 91.4 29.3	41.2 24.2 245.3 48.2
Not in the labour force	Employed full time Employed part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	35.6 22.4 31.3 892.7	17.6 48.5 28.9 1,584.8	24.1 65.6 49.1 2,373.2	59.8 88.0 80.4 3,266.0
Total flows into	Employed(a) Full time Part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	95.0 112.9 68.4 71.6 54.1	79.5 63.4 94.8 42.4 78.8	118.2 96.7 129.5 75.2 105.2	213.3 209.6 197.9 146.8 159.3
Total flows out of	Employed(a) Full time Part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	75.6 88.4 73.3 55.8 89.4	73.6 59.9 92.4 32.0 95.0	102.0 82.1 127.9 57.8 138.8	177.6 170.5 201.2 113.7 228.2
Total changes of status		220.7	200.6	298.7	519.4
Population represented by the mat	ched sample	4,451.6	2,918.5	4,544.0	8,995.6

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes page 4.

NOTE. When comparing figures for different periods, it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.

#### **TECHNICAL NOTE**

For more information on sample design, estimation procedure and reliability of the estimates, for current and earlier surveys, reference should be made to the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0).

#### Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

#### Reliability of the estimates

- Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this section are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. The standard error can also be expressed as a percentage of the estimate, and this is known as the relative standard error
- 4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this section. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements for periods from February 1978 should be determined by using Tables A and B on the next page. Standard errors of estimates and movements for periods prior to February 1978 were published in the Technical note in *The Labour Force*, Australia, 1978 (6204.0).
- 5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
- 6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this section, estimates below the levels shown in Table C, and percentages based on such estimates, have not been included. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable. See paragraph 9 concerning higher publication cut-off points for some estimates.
- 7. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B on the next page. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and two other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is

indicated in Table B. A guide to the standard errors of quarterly movements for periods from February 1978 can be obtained by multiplying the figures in the table of standard errors of monthly movements (Table B) by 1.4. A guide to the standard errors of annual movements for periods from February 1978 can be obtained by multiplying the figures in the table of standard errors of estimates (Table A) by 1.4. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

- 8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
  - (a) From Table A it will be seen that the estimate of 271,600 unemployed males looking for full-time work in September 1982 has a standard error of about 5,700. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 265,900 to 277,300 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 260,200 to 283,000.

Published estimate

260,200 265,900 271,600 277,300 283,000

2 chances in 3 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

(b) The estimate of movement in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from August to September 1982 is an increase of 21,700. Table B relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case the September 1982 estimate (271,600) is the larger. From Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 4,700. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range +17,000 to +26,400 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range +12,300 to +31,100.

Estimated movement

+12,300 +17,000 +21,700 +26,400 +31,100

2 chances in 3 that, if all dwellings included, the movement is in this range

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the movement is in this range

9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors.

Aggregate hours worked: 1.2 Average hours worked: 0.5 Average duration of unemployment: 1.5 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0 Publication cut-off points for these and other labour force estimates (see paragraph 6) are shown in Table C on the next page.

Because of these higher relative standard errors, estimates of aggregate hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment have higher cut-off points for publication (see paragraph 6) than other estimates as shown in Table A.

10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

In September 1982 the estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males was 17.1 weeks (from Table 22) and the number unemployed was estimated as 293,700. From Table A it can be estimated that this figure (293,700) has a standard error of about 5,900 and therefore a relative standard error of about 2.0 per cent. The relative standard error of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure (2.0) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0): 2.0 x 2.0 = 4.0 per cent. The standard error of this estimate of median duration of unemployment is therefore 4.0 per cent of 17.1, i.e. 0.7. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 16.4 to 17.8 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 15.7 to 18.5 weeks.

N.S.W.

Size of estimate

- 11. The standard errors of estimates relating to agricultural employment are generally somewhat higher than the standard errors of other estimates of the same magnitude. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States.
- 12. The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the numerator and the size of the denominator. However, the relative standard error of the estimated percentage will generally be slightly lower than the relative standard error of the estimate of the numerator. The relative standard errors of the numerators can be obtained from Table A.
- 13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding of data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the non-sampling error, and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or only a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

N. T.

A.C.T.

Australia

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

W.A.

Tas.

S.A.

Qld

Size oj estimate	14.3.77.	7 10.	Q.u	5.71.	** ***		22.			
				- number						per cent of estimate
1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 10,000 20,000 500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,500 2,000 3,000 5,000 5,800 6,900 8,500	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,900 2,700 3,500 4,400 5,000 5,800 7,000 8,400	740 780 820 860 930 1,200 1,500 2,200 2,800 3,600 4,100 4,800 5,900	510 550 590 620 650 680 730 900 1,200 1,600 2,100 2,600 2,900 3,300	510 560 590 630 660 690 750 920 1,200 1,700 2,100 2,600 2,900 3,300	300 330 340 380 410 430 460 480 500 530 640 810 1,100 1,300	440 470 510 550 590 620 650 680 740 910 1,200 1,700	440 480 510 540 560 590 610 650 750 910 1,100 1,300	970 1,000 1,100 1,400 2,000 2,900 5,100 6,000 7,200 9,100 11,000	21.6 20.0 18.0 14.0 10.0 5.8 3.9 2.6 2.0 1.4 0.9 0.6
	TABLE B.	STANDAR	D ERRORS	OF ESTIM	ATES OF M	ONTHL	Y MOVEM	ENTS		
Size of larger estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.		Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Australia
1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 10,000 20,000 100,000 200,000 500,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,800 2,500 3,200 3,900 4,400 5,100 6,100 7,200	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,700 2,300 2,800 3,300 3,700 4,200 4,900 5,600	730 760 790 820 880 1,000 1,300 1,700 2,100 2,500 2,800 3,200 3,800	490 520 540 570 590 610 650 760 930 1,200 1,400 1,700 1,900 2,100	490 530 560 580 610 630 670 790 970 1,300 1,800 1,800 2,200		250 260 270 290 310 330 340 360 370 390 460 550 690 810 920	370 380 420 460 490 520 550 570 620 760 1,000 1,400	370 390 410 430 450 460 480 500 570 670 790 880	1,100 1,200 1,500 2,000 2,700 3,400 4,300 4,900 5,700 6,800 8,200 10,000

TABLE C. PUBLICATION CUT-OFF POINTS FOR LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES(a)

	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
Estimates classified by—									
Aggregate hours worked	5,400	5,400	4,200	3,000	3,000	1,800	2,200	2,400	5,400
Average hours worked	2,300	2,300	1,800	1,300	1,300	800	900	000,1	2,300
Average (mean) duration of									
unemployment	6,800	6,800	5,300	3,800	3,800	2,300	2,700	3,000	6,800
Median duration of unemployment	9,000	9,000	7,000	5,000	5.000	3,000	3,600	4,000	9,000
All other estimates	4,500	4,500	3,500	2,500	2,500	1,500	1.800	2,000	4,500

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraphs 6 and 9, page 27.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

Assisted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972; March 1980 Attendance at an Educational Institution, March 1981	6317.0 3406.0 (a) 4402.0 4212.0 6203.3
Assisted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972; March 1980 Attendance at an Educational Institution, March 1981	3406.0 (a) 4402.0 4212.0
Attendance at an Educational Institution, March 1981	(a) 4402.0 4212.0
	4402.0 4212.0
Cinia Care 1914 1707, 1777, 1777, 3 and 1700	4212.0
	6203.3
	0203.3
Employment Benefits, February-May 1979	6334.0
	6234.0
	6329.0
	4403.0
	6223.0
	6320.0
	6505.0
Income Distribution, Australia, 1978-79:	
	6502.0
	6523.0
	6521.0
	6504.0
	6211.0
	9205.0
Labour Force Experience—	
During 1968; 1972; 1974; 1975; 1976; 1978; 1979; During the period February 1980 to February 1981  Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, November 1974; July 1979 and	6206.0
****	6224.0
Labour Mobility, November 1972; February 1975, 1976, 1979, 1980 and 1981	6209.0
	6230.0
Multiple Jobholding—	
	6216.0
	t listed
	6238.0
	6225.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force (including Discouraged Jobseekers)—	
November 1975; May 1977; March 1979; September 1979; March 1980;	
	6220.0
	6219.0
Persons Looking for Work—	
	6222.0
	6221.0
	6202.1
	6226.0
Superannuation, Survey of, February 1974	6319.0
	4342.0
Survey of Persons Registered with the CES as Unemployed, March 1977	6229.0
	6207.0
	6235.0
	6325.0
Transition From Education to Work (Including leavers from schools, universities, and other	
educational institutions). Conducted each year since 1964. Previously titled 'Leavers from	
	6227.0
	6310.0
Work Patterns of Employees, November 1976	6328.0
	6335.0
Working Hours Arrangements, Australia, February-May 1981 (Preliminary)	6337.0

<sup>(</sup>a) Results of this survey are contained in the Appendix to the May 1981 issue of this publication. (b) Estimates derived from labour force surveys. For more recent estimates, see the relevant tables in this publication. (c) See also Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families (6224.0). (d) See also Family Status and Employment Status of the Population, November 1974 and 1975 (6223.0)

#### PART 2. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

This part contains details of the numbers of employees of government bodies. Figures for months prior to May 1980 were published in *Civilian Employees, Australia* (6213.0) but, as that publication was discontinued following the April 1980 issue (see paragraphs 6 to 11 below), government employment figures are now included in publications 6202.0 and 6203.0.

- 2. Government employees comprise not only administrative employees but also all other employees of government bodies (Commonwealth, State, local and semigovernment) on services such as railways, road transport, banks, postal and telecommunications, air transport, education (including universities, colleges of advanced education, etc.), radio, television, police, public works, factories, marketing authorities, public hospitals (other than those run by charitable or religious organisations) and departmental hospitals and institutions.
- 3. The numbers of employees shown in this part have been derived from returns obtained from government bodies. Generally, Commonwealth government employees are included in the figures if they are on the payroll on the last working day of the month, whereas for State and local government the reporting date is usually the last day of the last pay period ending in the month.
- 4. Data shown for defence forces include all permanent defence personnel in Australia and overseas. Other government employees based overseas are excluded, as are employees of foreign governments in Australia.

### Comparability of labour force survey estimates and government employment figures

The government employment figures shown in this part are not strictly comparable with the labour force survey estimates included in Part 1 of this publication and in other ABS publications. Persons in the survey are allocated to an appropriate labour force category according to their activity during the survey week. If they had more than one job in that week only the job in which they usually worked the greater number of hours is considered. The government employment figures are derived from direct returns from government bodies, and although some returns are adjusted to exclude some part-time employees considered to have full-time jobs elsewhere, some persons will be included even though their government job is not their main one. Other reasons for difference are that the survey estimates are subject to sampling variability, and the reference periods of the two collections are different.

#### Review of ABS employment statistics

6. The two principal series of employment statistics produced by the ABS have been the employment series derived from the labour force survey (based on a sample of households) and the civilian employees series derived from data obtained from employers' payroll records (mainly payroll tax returns, in the case of the private sector). The former series has provided estimates of total

employment and information on the characteristics of employed persons (including employers and selfemployed). The latter has provided estimates for wage and salary earners only, but with a dissection of employment by industry more detailed than that provided by the labour force survey.

- 7. The series have differed in coverage, definition, sources of information, methods of collection and estimation procedures. The survey estimates are subject to sampling variability and both series are subject to nonsampling errors. The payroll-based civilian employees series has suffered from the particular problem that, because of limits below which payroll tax is not levied, no information has been available to the ABS about changes in the employment levels of the large number of smaller businesses which are not liable for payroll tax. Without current information, employment for these small businesses has generally been assumed to vary in proportion to the variation in the employment of larger employers. This assumption has long been regarded by the ABS as unsatisfactory.
- 8. The civilian employees series and the labour force survey series have frequently displayed different movements, but from late in 1979 the survey-based series grew much more rapidly than the payroll-based series. This growing divergence led to the decision by the Australian Statistician in July 1980 that publication of the civilian employees series should be suspended and that the ABS should undertake a review of the series and also of some aspects of the employment series derived from the labour force survey.
- 9. Following the review and discussions held with a number of Commonwealth and State Departments which are users of the statistics, the Statistician concluded that payroll tax returns could no longer provide an adequate basis for estimates of numbers of civilian employees and wages and salaries paid. Instead it would be necessary to conduct a quarterly sample survey of about 20,000 business units in the private sector, to collect information about the number and earnings of their employees. The survey results will be supplemented by the information collected from government bodies.
- 10. The lead time for the development of the survey will be between one and two years. The survey questionnaire and methodology will require field testing, mainly to ensure that response burden and non-sampling errors are kept to a minimum. In addition, the coverage of small businesses in the ABS register of businesses will need to be improved, in order to provide a satisfactory sample frame for the survey.
- 11. For further details on the review of the employment statistics and the future course of action to be followed by the ABS see *Information Paper: Review of ABS Employment Statistics* (6239.0).

#### Inquiries

12. For more information about these statistics contact Mr Terry Sharp on Canberra (062) 52 6655.

# TABLE 29. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, AUSTRALIA(a) (Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture) ('000)

			Civilian employees				
Month	Common- wealth	State	Northern Territory	Local	Total	Defence forces(b)	Total Government
			MALES				
August	276.7	578.8	7.7	103.0	966.2	68.0	1,034.2
September	276.3	579.3	7.7	103.0	966.3	68.0	1,034.3
October	276.2	578.2	7.8	102.8	965.0	68.1	1,033.1
November	276.3	579.3	c 7.7	102.7 103.1	965.9 966.5	68.0 67.8	1,033.9 1,034.3
December	276.9	578.8	7.7	103.1	900.3	07.8	1,034.3
1982	27/		7.7	102.4	964.3	68.3	1,032.6
January	276.6	576.6	7.7 7.7	103.4 103.8	966.9	68.8	1,035.7
February	276.2	579.3	7.7 7.7	103.8	968.9	68.8	1,035.7
March	276.1	581.0 579.9	7.7	104.1	967.3	68.7	1,036.0
April Mari	275.6 275.1	5/9.9 581.8	7.7 7.7	104.1	968.7	68.6	1,030.0
May	273.1 2 <b>74</b> .7	582.3	7.6	104.5	969.0	68.5	1,037.5
June July	274.7 273.9	581.2	7.5 7.5	104.2	966.8	68.5	1,035.3
•	274.4	580.9	7.5	104.2	967.0	68.4	1,035.4
August September	275.0	580.5	7.5	104.1	967.2	68.3	1,035.5
			FEMALES				
1981—							
August	126.6	419.2	6.7	28.0	580.4	4.4	584.8
September	126.7	420.4	6.6	28.2	582.0	4.5	586.5
October	128.0	419.5	6.6	28.3	582.3	4.5	586.8
November	128.1	418.8	6.6	28.5	581.9	4.6	586.5
December	128.2	414.4	6.6	28.3	577.6	4.5	582.1
1982	*				540.5		573.0
January	128.2	405.9	6.5	27.8	568.5 583.1	4.5 4.5	587.6
February	127.9	419.8	6.5 6.6	28.8 28.8	587.6	4.5 4.6	592.2
March	128.4	423.7 424.3	6.6	28.9	588.5	4.7	593.2
April	128.7 128.5	424.3 421.8	6.6	28.8	585.8	4.7	590.5
May	128.3	421.8	6.6	28.9	589.9	4.7	594.6
June	127.4	426.1	6.5	29.0	589.8	4.7	594.5
July	128.7	427.5	6.3	28.9	591.4	4.7	596.1
August September	129.6	428.2	6.3	29.2	593.4	4.7	598.
			PERSONS				
1981—							
August	403.4	997.9	14.4	131.0	1,546.6	72.5	1,619.
September	403.0	999.7	14.3	131.2	1,548.2	72.5	1,620.
October	404.1	997.7	14.4	131.2	1,547.4	72.6	1,620.0
November	404.4	998.0	14.4	131.1	1,547.9	72.6	1,620.
December	405.1	993.2	14.3	131.4	1,544.1	72.3	1,616.4
1982				121.2	1.622.0	72.7	1.405
January	404.8	982.5	14.2 14.2	131.2 132.6	1,532.8 1,550.0	72.7 73.3	1,605.: 1,623.:
February	404.1	999.1	14.2	133.0	1,556.5	73.4	1,629.9
March	404.5 404.3	1,004.7 1,004.3	14.2	133.0	1,555.8	73.4	1,629.
April May	404.3 403.7	1,004.5	14.2	133.0	1,554.5	73.3	1,627.8
May	403.7 402.1	1,003.0	14.2	133.4	1,558.9	73.2	1,632.
June July	402.1	1,007.2	14.1	133.2	1,556.6	73.2	1,629.
August	403.1	1,008.4	13.8	133.1	1,558.4	73.1	1,631.
rugusi	404.6	1,008.8	13.9	133.3	1,560.5	73.0	1,633.

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.

TABLE 30. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, STATES(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

	Ca	lth(b)		State			Local			Total(b)		
Month	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
				וא	EW SOUT	H WALES						
1981												
August	86.6	39.8	126.4	194.1	144.5	338.7	47.8	8.6	56.4	328.5	193.0	521.5
September	86.4	39.8	126.2	194.7	145.1	339.8	47.8	8.7	56.5	328.9	193.6	522.5
October	86.4	40.6	127.0	193.9	144.9	338.8	47.8	8.8	56.5	328.0	194.2	522.3
November	86.4	40.3	126.8	194.5	145.5	340.0	47.5	8.8	56.3	328.4	194.6	523.0
December	86.5	40.6	127.1	194.2	144.8	338.9	47.6	8.9	56.5	328.3	194.2	522.6
1982—												
January	86.7	40.8	127.5	192.9	139.8	332.7	48.0	8.9	56.9	327.5	189.6	517.1
February	86.3	40.5	126.8	194.4	146.0	340.4	48.2	9.0	57.2	328.9	195.6	524.4
March	86.3	40.7	127.0	194.7	147.2	341.9	48.6	9.0	57.5	329.5	196.9	526.4
April	86.1	40.9	127.0	194.2	145.9	340.1	48.7	8.9	57.6	328.9	195.7	524.6
May	86.1	40.8	126.9	193.6	146.3	339.9	48.7	8.9	57.7	328.4	196.0	524.5
June	86.0	40.6	126.6	193.8	145.8	339.6	48.7	8.9	57.6	328.5	195.3	523.9
July	85.4	40.6	126.1	193.6	145.2	338.8	48.4	8.9	57.3	327.4	194.7	522.1
August	85.5	40.8	126.4	193.2	145.1	338.3	48.2	8.8	57.0	326.9	194.7	521.6
September	85.8	41.2	127.0	193.1	144.9	338.0	48.3	8.9	57.2	327.2	195.0	522.2
					VICTO	RIA						
1981—												
August	69.3	29.5	98.8	153.7	111.3	264.9	20.9	12.6	33.4	243.8	153.3	397.2
September	69.2	29.6	98.8	153.2	111.6	264.8	20.9	12.7	33.5	243.3	153.9	397.1
October	69.2	29.9	99.0	153.3	110.4	263.8	20.9	12.8	33.7	243.4	153.1	396.5
November	69.2	30.1	99.3	153.6	109.4	263.0	20.9	12.9	33.8	243.8	152.3	396.1
December	69.2	30.3	99.5	154.3	108.4	262.7	21.0	12.5	33.5	244.5	151.2	395.7
1982—												
January	69.2	30.1	99.3	154.0	109.8	263.8	21.0	11.9	32.8	244.2	151.7	395.9
February	69.1	29.6	98.7	154.7	111.3	266.0	20.9	12.8	33.8	244.8	153.7	398.4
March	68.8	29.5	98.3	154.6	112.4	267:0	21.0	12.9	33.8	244.3	154.8	399.1
April	68.5	29.4	97.9	153.8	113.1	266.9	20.9	13.0	33.8	243.2	155.5	398.7
May	1.86	29.2	97.3	154.5	113.2	267.7	20.8	12.9	33.8	243.5	155.3	398.7
June	67.9	28.7	96.5	154.6	114.6	269.1	20.8	12.9	33.7	243.2	156.2	399.4
July	67.7	28.9	96.6	154.6	114.6	269.2	20.8	13.0	33.8	243.1	156.5	399.7
August	67.8	29.0	96.8	154.4	115.3	269.7	20.8	12.9	33.7	242.9	157.2	400.1
September	67.7	29.0	96.7	154.2	116.2	270.4	20.7	13.1	33.9	242.7	158.3	401.0
					QUEENS	LAND						
1981—	•				-							
August	30.9	14.1	45.0	95.7	56.1	151.8	19.0	2.7	21.7	145.6	72.9	218.5
September	30.9	14.1	45.0	96.1	56.4	152.6	18.9	2.7	21.6	145.9	73.3	219.2
October	31.0	14.5	45.5	95.9	56.6	152.4	18.7	2.7	21.4	145.6	73.8	219.3
November	31.1	14.5	45.6	96.3	56.5	152.8	18.7	2.7	21.4	146.1	73.7	219.8
December	31.4	14.4	45.8	96.1	55.8	151.8	19.0	2.7	21.7	146.5	72.9	219.3
1982									÷			٠
January	31.2	14.4	45.5	95.7	55.7	151.4	19.0	2.7	21.8	145.9	72.8	218.7
Feburary	31.3	14.5	45.8	96.3	56.3	152.6	19.1	2.7	21.8	146.6	73.6	220.2
March	31.4	14.7	46.0	97.4	56.6	154.0	19.1	2.8	21.8	147.8	74.1	221.9
April	31.5	14.8	46.3	97.5	57.4	154.9	19.0	2.8	21.7	148.0	74.9	222.9
May	31.6	14.9	46.4	99.3	57.8	157.1	19.0	2.7	21.7	149.9	75.4	225.3
June	31.5	14.7	46.2	99.2	58.2	157.4	19.3	2.9	22.2	150.0	75.8	225.8
July	31.6	14.9	46.6	98.5	58.0	156.5	19.5	2.9	22.4	149.7	75.8	225.5
August	31.7	15.0	46.7	98.6	58.3	156.9	19.8	2.9	22.8	150.1	76.2	226.3
September	31.8	15.2	47.0	98.5	58.1	156.7	19.7	2.9	22.6	150.0	76.3	226.2

For footnotes see end of table.

## TABLE 30. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, STATES(a)—continued (Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture) ('000)

Total(b) Commonwealth(b) State Local Males Females Persons Males Females Persons Females Persons Persons Males Month Males Females SOUTH AUSTRALIA 1981— 29.5 37.9 53.2 47.3 100.5 1.6 6.9 88.0 57.2 145.3 8.4 August 5.3 6.9 88.2 57.0 145.2 37.8 47.1 100.5 1.6 29.4 8.3 53.4 September 5.4 6.9 88.1 57.1 145.2 47.3 100.7 16 53.4 29.3 8.3 37.6 October 57.2 145.3 5.4 6.9 88.1 November 29.4 8.3 37.7 53.3 47.3 100.7 1.6 52.9 46.0 98.9 5.4 1.6 7.0 87.7 56.0 143.7 29.4 8.4 37.8 December 1982--7.0 87.3 51.8 139.1 29.4 41.9 94.3 5.4 1.6 37.8 52.5 8.4 January 55.8 143.0 98.4 54 7.0 87.2 1.7 February 29.3 8.3 37.5 52.5 45.9 29.3 37.5 52.6 46.2 98.7 5.4 1.6 7.0 87.3 56.0 143.3 8.2 March 52.5 98.8 5.4 1.6 7.0 87.1 56.2 143.3 29.2 8.2 37.4 46.4 April 86.6 5.4 7.0 52.7 139.3 8.3 37 4 52.1 42.8 94.9 1.6 29.1 May 98.9 5.4 7.0 86.9 56.2 143.2 29.1 1.6 37.3 52.5 46.4 June 8.2 7.0 56.5 143.3 5.3 86.8 99.0 1.6 July 29.0 8.3 37.3 52.5 46.5 6.9 86.9 56 6 143 5 29.0 8.3 37.3 52.6 46.7 99.3 5.3 1.6 August 52.5 46.5 99.1 5.3 1.6 6.9 86.7 56.5 143.3 28.9 8.3 37.3 September WESTERN AUSTRALIA 1981---53.6 139.0 9.0 85.4 7.8 24.2 61.8 44.0 105.8 7.2 1.9 August 16.4 23.9 61.6 44.0 105.6 7.2 1.9 9.1 85.1 53.6 138.6 September 16.3 7.7 7.6 23.9 61.5 44.1 105.6 7.2 1.9 9.1 84.9 53.6 138.5 16.2 October 7.2 53.4 1.9 9.1 84.8 138.2 43.9 105.3 November 16.2 7.6 23.8 614 1.9 9.1 137.7 104.5 72 84 7 53.1 16.4 7.7 24.1 61.1 43.4 December 1982-42.7 104.0 7.1 1.9 9.1 84.5 52.3 136.7 16.1 7.6 23.7 61.2 January 1.9 53.6 137.9 61.0 44.1 105.1 7.2 9.1 84.3 7.6 **February** 16.1 23.7 7.3 139.4 45.0 1.9 9.2 84.7 54.6 7.7 23.8 61.3 106.3 March 16.1 9.2 85.0 54.9 139.9 45.3 106.8 7.3 19 16.2 7.8 23.9 61.5 April 7.8 24.0 61.8 45.4 107.2 7.3 1.9 9.2 85.3 55.1 140.4 16.2 May 23.8 61.9 45.6 107.4 7.3 1.9 9.2 85.3 55.1 140.5 16.2 7.6 June 7.3 1.9 9.2 85.1 55.0 140.2 23.8 61.8 45.4 107.2 7.7 July 16.1 7.3 1.9 107.5 9.2 85.4 55.3 140.7 August 7.8 24.0 61.9 45.6 16.2 46.0 108.0 7.3 1.9 9.2 85.5 55.7 141.2 24.0 62.0 September 16.2 7.8 **TASMANIA** 1981---0.5 0.5 2.5 2.5 30.1 18.9 49.0 9.7 20.2 16.0 36.2 3.1 August 7.3 2.4 30.1 19.1 49.2 9.7 3 1 20.2 16.2 36.4 September 7.3 2.4 7.3 2.3 9.6 20.2 16.2 36.4 2.6 0.5 3.0 30.1 19 0 49 1 October 20.1 9.6 16.1 36.3 2.6 0.5 3.1 30.0 19.0 49.0 7.3 2.4 November 0.5 3.1 30.0 19.0 49.0 7.3 2.4 9.6 20.2 16.1 36.3 2.6 December 1982--30.0 19.0 7.2 2.4 9.6 20.2 16.1 36.3 2.6 0.5 3.1 49.0 January 7.2 2.4 9.6 20.4 16.2 36.6 2.5 0.5 3.1 30.1 19.1 49.3 February 7.2 20.4 16.4 36.8 2.6 0.5 3.1 30.1 19.3 49.4 March 2.4 9.6 9.5 20.4 16.4 36.8 2.6 0.5 3.1 30.1 19.3 49.4 2.4 7.1 April 0.5 20.4 16.4 36.9 2.6 3.1 30.1 19.3 49.4 7.1 9.5 May 2.4 20.4 2.5 30.1 49.3 7.1 2.4 9.5 16.4 36.8 0.5 3.1 19.3 June 2.5 29.8 19.3 7.1 2.4 9.5 20.2 16.4 36.6 0.5 3.0 49.2 July 9.5 20.2 16.5 36.7 2.5 0.5 3.1 29.8 19.5 49.3 August 7.1 2.4 2.4 9.6 20.1 16.5 36.7 2.5 3.0 29.9 19.5 49.3 September 7.2

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Excludes members of the permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.

TABLE 31. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES—NORTHERN TERRITORY(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

Month	Co	Commonwealth(b)			Northern Territory			Local			Total(b)		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
August	2.6	1.2	3.9	7.7	6.7	14.4	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7	
September	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7	
October	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.8	6.6	14.4	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.8	8.0	18.8	
November	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.4	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.1	18.8	
December	. 2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.3	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7	
1982—			-										
January	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.5	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7	
February	2.6	1.2	3.8	7.7	6.5	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	7.9	18.6	
March	2.6	1.2	3.8	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	7.9	. 18.6	
April	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.6	
May	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4.	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7	
June	2.7		3.9	7.6	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.6	8.0	18.6	
July	2.7	1.3	3.9	7.5	6.5	14.1	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.5	8.0	18.5	
August	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.5	6.3	13.8	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.5	7.8	18.3	
September	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.5	6.3	13.9	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.6	7.8	18.3	

(a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Excludes members of the permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.

TABLE 32. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES—AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

		Commonwealth(b)						
Month	Males	Females	Persons					
1981—								
August	34.1	23.4	57.5					
September	34.1	23.5	57.6					
October	34.2	23.5	57.6					
November	34.2	23.5	57.7					
December	. 34.1	23.2	57.4					
1982—								
January	34.2	23.3	57.5					
February	34.4	23.8	58.2					
March	34.4	24.0	58.4					
April	34.3	24.0	58.3					
May	34.2	24.0	58.2					
June	34.3	23.9	58.2					
July	34.2	24.1	58.3					
August	34.4	24.1	58.5					
September	34.7	24.3	59.0					

For footnotes, see previous table.

TABLE 33. COMMONWEALTH GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, SEPTEMBER 1982(a)
Part 1-Staff (in Australia and overseas) employed under the Public Service Act (excluding Departments of the Parliament)

Body	Males	Females	Persons
Aboriginal Affairs	452	312	764
Administrative Services(b)	4,881	2,252	7,133
Australian Electoral Office	396	375	771
Industries Assistance Commission	199	122	. 321
Petroleum Products Pricing Authority	20	4	24
Attorney-General's(b)	1,095	1,380	2,475
Australian Legal Aid Office	67	. 117	184
Human Rights Commission	· 13	. 19	32
Office of the Parliamentary Counsel	12	19	.31
Trade Practices Commission	105	69	. 174
Aviation	9,859	1,454	11,313
Capital Territory	2,652	960	3,612
Communications(b)	538	245	783
Australian Broadcasting Tribunal	59	34	. 94
Special Broadcasting Service	140	133	. 273
Defence	. 14,590	6,143	20,733
Defence Support	8,158	1,626	9,784
Education(b)	700	. 833	1,533
A.C.T. Schools Authority	223	690	913
Schools Commission	58	82	140
Tertiary Education Commission	47	50	97
Employment and Industrial Relations(b)	3,668	3,048	6,716
Industrial Relations Bureau	160	82	242
Finance(b)	561	394	955
Australian Government Retirement Benefits Office	167	257	424
Foreign Affairs(b)	2,190	1,749	3,939
Australian Development Assistance Bureau	239	198	437
ADAB Aid Experts	90	10	100
Health(b) Capital Territory Health Commission	2,284 308	2,655	4,939
Home Affairs and Environment(b)	218	791	1,099
Australian Archives	188	213 153	431
Australian Heritage Commission	. 10	8	341
Australian National Parks and Wildlife Service	62	. 22	18
Australian War Memorial	95	55	84
Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority	26	21	150
National Library of Australia	218	463	47 681
Office of the Supervising Scientist	34	18	52
Immigration and Ethnic Affairs	1,029	981	2,010
Industry and Commerce	3,897	1,292	5,189
National Development and Energy(b)	570	225	795
Bureau of Mineral Resources	447	130	577
Primary Industry(b)	2,560	397	2,957
Bureau of Agricultural Economics	226	74	300
Prime Minister and Cabinet(b)	283	250	533
Audito-General's Office	482	138	620
Australian Science and Technology Council	7	7	14
Office of National Assessment	48	23	71
Ombudsman	28	32	60
Public Service Board	574	. 440	1,014
Science and Technology(b)	832	346	1,178
Bureau of Meteorology	1,420	252	1,672
Patents, Trade Marks and Designs Office	301	207	508
Social Security	5,803	7,884	13,687
Trade and Resources	<b>7</b> 87	446	1,233
Transport and Construction(b)	8,693	1,252	9,945
Bureau of Transport Economics	77	28	105
Treasury(b)	360	186	546
Australian Bureau of Statistics	2,259	1,430	3,689
Australian Taxation Office	7,498	6,344	13,842
Royal Australian Mint	285	91	376
Veterans' Affairs	4,991	7,171	12,162
Vice President of the Executive Council	1	1 .	2
Total under Public Service Act(c)	98,240		`

For footnotes see end of table.

TABLE 33. COMMONWEALTH GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, SEPTEMBER 1982(a)—continued
Part II-Staff (in Australia) employed under other Acts

Body	Males	Females	Persons
DEPARTMENTS			
Administrative Services (Australian Federal Police)	2,474	283	2,757
Defence (naval defence)	<b>795</b> .	84	879
Defence Support (munitions factories, weapons research, naval	•		
dockyards etc.)	7,792	1,588	9,380
Education	1,475	2,863	4,338
Health—(Capital Territory Health Commission)	580	2,424	3,004
Other	200	262	462
Total departments	13.316	. 7,504	20,820
OTHER BODIES	•		
A.C.T. Electricity Authority	661	77	738
Australian Atomic Energy Commission	896	196	1,092
Australian Broadcasting Commission	4,344	1,925	6,269
Australian National Railways	10,279	548	10,827
Australian National University	2,198	1,650	3,848
Australian Postal Commission	26,931	8,629	35,560
Army and Air Force Canteens Service	147	233	380
Australian Shipping Commission	3,218	203	3,421
Australian Telecommunications Commission	70,042	22,015	92,057
CSIRO	5,623	1,830	7,453
Canberra College of Advanced Education	575	496	1,071
Commonwealth Banking Corporation	. 16,615	17,208	33,823
Commonwealth Accommodation and Catering Services Ltd	562	1,312	1,874
Commonwealth Serum Laboratories Commission	683	362	1,045
Departments of the Parliament	443	321	764
Health Insurance Commission	· . 477	1,434	1,911
National Capital Development Commission	239	103	342
Overseas Telecommunications Commission	2,153	421	2,574
Oantas Airways Ltd	8,357	1,896	10,253
Reserve Bank of Australia	2,030	1,708	3,738
Snowy Mountains Engineering Corporation	351	88	439
Snowy Mountains Hydro-Electric Authority	608	65	673
Trans-Australia Airlines	6,309	2,261	8,570
Other	2,965	2,134	5,099
Total other bodies	166.706	67.115	233,821
Total under other Acts(c)(d)	180,022	74,619	254,641

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes members of the permanent defence forces. (b) Excludes branch(es) shown separately. (c) Includes 4,755 employees overseas and 2,946 part-time employees in Australia in September 1982. (d) The totals of employment under the Public Service Act and under other Acts differ from those shown for Commonwealth Government in Table 29 because, for persons employed under the Public Service Act, overseas staff are included; also some part-time employees are excluded from Table 29 in order to avoid double counting.

#### **APPENDIX**

## LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 ATTENDING SECONDARY AND TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, JULY 1982

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

In the population survey of July 1982, a specific question was asked concerning full-time study at a tertiary educational institution. By co-ordinating the replies to this question with labour force survey responses for persons aged 15-19 and 20-24, statistics showing the labour force status of such persons according to their full-time attendance at secondary or tertiary educational institutions were compiled and these are shown in Table 34. The statistics also show the labour force status of persons not attending educational institutions full time.

The explanatory notes concerning the labour force published on pages 1-5 generally apply to these statistics, except that persons resident in institutions are excluded from the statistics in Table 34. The following definitions in particular also apply to these figures.

Persons at school were persons aged 15-20 who during the survey week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Because school attendance was obtained only for persons aged 15-20, all persons aged 21-24 years were classified as not at school.

Persons at tertiary institutions were persons aged 15-24 who, during the survey week, were taking a course of full-time study at a technical college, a college of advanced education, or a university. There was a small number of persons not at school for whom information on full-time tertiary education was not obtained. Details for these persons are shown in the table (under the heading Other) for persons, but not separately for males and females.

The statistics in Table 34 are compiled to illustrate the influence persons aged 15-24 attending (or not attending) educational institutions have on the labour force status of young people. For example this table shows that the unemployment rates differ little—for all persons aged 15-24 (12.6 per cent), for persons in this age group not attending school (12.3 per cent), and for persons 15-24 neither attending school nor full time at a tertiary educational institution (12.0 per cent).

Statistics for July 1982 are shown in Table 34 and some information for June 1981 is available upon request. Figures for other months are not available. The estimates are subject to sampling variability as explained in the Technical Notes, pages 27 and 28.

\* Subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical Note, page 27.

TABLE 34. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 : FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT SECONDARY AND TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, JULY 1982(a)

		Employed		Unemplo	yed					
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian popula- tion	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				'000-	<u>.</u>				—per ce	nt—
				MALES						<del></del>
Aged 15 to 19	284.8	62.0	346.8	52.5	61.4	408.2	234.3	642.5	15.1	63.5
At school	•	40.3	41.6	•	8.2	49.9	194.9	244.7	16.5	20.4
Not at school	283.5	21.6	305.1	50.2	53.2	358.4	39.4	397.8	14.9	90.1
At tertiary institution	9.3	7.0	16.3	<b>4</b> 7.3	4.6	20.8	24.4	45.2	21.9	46.1
Not at tertiary institution	272.6	14.6	287.2	41.5	47.9	335.1	14.5	349.6	14.3	95.9
Aged 20-24	502.8	32.6	535.4	55.9	60.9	596.3	59.8	656.0	10.2	90.9
Not at school	502.8	32.6	535.4	55.9	60.9	596.3	58.4	654.7	10.2	91.1
At tertiary institution	12.5	12.6	25.1	*	*	28.9	34.8	63.8		45.4
Not at tertiary institution	484.3	19.6	503.9	54.0	55.8	559.7	21.6	581.4	10.0	96.3
				FEMALES						
Aged 15-19	204.0	85.7	289.7 46.4	53.6	65.8	355.5	260.9	616.4	18.5	57.7
At school Not at school	202.5	44.8 40.8	243.3	50.9	10.8 55.1	57.2 298.4	184.9 76.0	242.0 374.4	18.8 18.5	23.6 79.7
At tertiary institution	202.5	17.4	20.0	\$0.5	*	23.7	31.1	54.8	*	43.2
Not at tertiary institution	197.4	23.0	220.3	47.8	50.1	270.5	44.0	314.5	18.5	86.0
Aged 20-24	343.3	70.1	413.4	34.0	40.4	453.8	188.0	641.8	8.9	70.7
Not at school	343.3	70.1	413.4	34.0	40.4	453.8	187.4	641.1	8.9	70.8
At tertiary institution		13.1	15.1	•	•	17.0	25.6	42.6	•	39.9
Not at tertiary institution	337.7	56.0	393.7	32.2	37.9	431.5	159.5	591.0	8.8	73.0
				PERSONS						
Aged 15-19	488.8	147.7	636.5	106.1	127.3	763.7	495.2	1,258.9	16.7	60.7
At school	486.0	85.2 62.5	88.0 548.5	5.0 101.1	19.0 108.3	107.0 656.7	379.8 115.4	486.8 772.2	17.7 16.5	22.0 85.1
Not at school At tertiary institution	11.9	24.4	36.3	101.1	8.2	44.5	55.5	100.0	18.5	44.5
Not at tertiary institution	470.0	37.6	507.6	95.1	98.0	605.6	58.5	664.1	16.2	91.2
Other(b)		*	4.6	•	•	6.6	•	8.0	•	82.6
Aged 20-24	846.1	102.6	948.8	89.9	101.2	1,050.0	247.8	1,297.8	9.6	80.9
Not at school	846.1	102.6	948.8	89.9	101.2	1,050.0	245.8	1,295.9	9.6	81.0
At tertiary institution	14.5 822.0	25.7 75.5	40.2 897.6	86.2	5.8 93.7	46.0 991.3	60.4 181.2	106.4 1,172.4	12.5 9.5	43.2 84.5
Not at tertiary institution Other(b)	9.6	*	11.0	*	\$5.7	12.8	*	17.0	*	73.9
Aged 15-24	1,335.0	250.3	1,585.3	196.0	228.5	1,813.8	742.9	2,556.7	12.6	70.9
At school		85.2	88.0 1,497.2	5.0	19.0	107.0	381.7	488.7	17.7	21.9
Not at school At tertiary institution	1,332.1 26.4	165.1 50.1	76.5	191.0 6.1	209.5 14.0	1,706.8 90.5	361.3 116.0	2,068.0 206.4	12.3 15.5	82.5 43.8
Not at tertiary institution Aged— .	1,292.0	113.1	1,405.1	181.3	191.7	1,596.9	239.7	1,836.5	12.0	86.9
15	13.2	•	14.9	5.7	5.7	20.6	•	24.0	27.6	85.6
16	53.7	5.2	58.9	15.8	16.6	75.4	6.2	81.7	21.9	92.4
17	104.1 141.8	7.9 12.9	111.9 154.7	23.1 28.0	23.2 28.7	135.1 183.4	9.3 14.8	144.4 198.2	17.2 15.6	93.6 92.5
18 19	141.8	9.9	167.1	22.4	23.9	191.1	24.7	215.8	12.5	92.3 88.6
20	. 161.7	11.2	172.8	22.0	23.0	195.8	25.8	221.6	11.7	88.3
21	163.3	11.5	174.8	22.0	23.8	198.6	33.8	232.4	12.0	85.5
22	168.7	16.3	185.0	18.0	18.8	203.8	33.2	237.0	9.2	86.0
23 24	167.0 161.3	17.7 19.0	184.7 180.3	14.0 10.2	15.6 12.6	200.2 192.8	42.3 46.0	242.6 238.9	7.8 6.5	82.6 80.7
	1013	17.0				174.0	<b>₩</b> U.U	4 10 7		01//

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. Since the school attendance question is asked of persons aged 15 to 20 only persons aged 21 to 24 are assumed to be not attending school. (b) Persons for whom information about full-time attendance at a tertiary educational institution was not obtained.